





Environment Environnement



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The Meteorological Workstation NinJo and its Production Tools

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Deutscher Wetterdienst





Introduction and Goals of NinJo

- NinJo Client Layers and Applications
- NinJo Production Tools
- Current Status and Future Planning

Introduction and Goals of NinJo



The Meteorological Workstation NinJo





- Joint project between Weather Services from Germany, Switzerland, Denmark, Canada, and German Military Service
- Replacement of several older workstation systems
- Provide a unified environment to support the entire meteorological process



Meteorological Goals

Support the entire forecast and warning process

- Interactive visualization of all meteorological data
- Interactive product generation
- Batch production
- Automatic weather monitoring and alerting using observational, nowcasting, and model data; warning management
- **Support other workflows** (lower priority)
 - Research department
 - Meteorological training
- Access to standard infrastructure (archives)

Introduction and Goals of NinJo



Support of the Entire Forecasting Process



Introduction and Goals of NinJo



What is NinJo?

- A building kit in order to assemble applications
 - ranging from satellite viewers to full workstations
- A flexible programming model
 - to allow partners to develop their own application
- A highly configurable tool
 - Partners build their "own" NinJo
- A generic Meteorological Workstation





Architecture

- The architecture of NinJo is open and portable
- It's written completely in Java
- It can be adopted easily to the needs of organizations involved
 - different hardware and OS-infrastructure
 - different configuration of clients
 - different primary data storage mechanisms: files or database
 - different data supply and backend systems
 - different communication and middleware infrastructures
- It can be easily extended
 - new data types
 - new storage types (data sources)

Introduction and Goals of NinJo

Architecture: The NinJo Tiers



Dr. Bernhard Reichert, DWD

NinJo Architecture







Introduction and Goals of NinJo



The NinJo Client

- Main Window
 - One main scene and up to three secondary scenes

Several secondary Windows

- mostly specialized applications
- e.g. Meteograms, Cross-Sections, Aerological Diagrams, 3D ...

Basic Functionality

- Geographical visualization of data with panning and zooming
- Overlaying of different layers
- Animation, automatic update
- Context menus



Introduction and Goals of NinJo: Basic Functionality



Dr. Bernhard Reichert, DWD

Introduction and Goals of NinJo: Basic Functionality

■ myGUI

 Every layer provides a panel with most important use cases

Favorites

- workspace
- scenes
- animations and diagrams later

Spinner Buttons







Introduction and Goals of NinJo

NinJo Client Layers and Applications

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Surface Layer

- Displays surface observations
- analysis based on triangulation
 - Won't miss extremes
- Sorting algorithms
 - Min/Max only
 - rating
 - Later: formula support
 - Hit lists
- Original bulletin (left clicking on Station)



Surface Layer







Meteograms



Meteograms display

- Surface
 Observations
- Statistically processed Point forecasts
- GRIB parameters of available models
- Highly configurable



Meteogram of DWD's global model GME

Aerological Diagrams



 Multiple soundings in one diagram or multiple diagrams

- Profile view
- Table View
- Hodograph
- Many algorithms available
- Both observation and model



Sounding diagram with observation and model profile



- Work both with model and p-levels
- Relatively Fast
- Channels and time cross section









Radar Layer

- Handles cartesian and polar radar data
- Single radar drill down, single cell drill down





SCIT - Layer

Storm Cell Identification and Tracking

- Displays the ouput of cell based radar algorithms
 - tracks
 - properties
 - treated as point data
- In NinJo 1.1
 - Konrad-Composite DWD
 - MSC SCIT
 - Meteosuisse-TRT,
 - (SAF RDT product)
 - Table view



Konrad and Synop-Precipitation incl. Analysis

Lightning Layer



- Several lightning detection systems implemented
- Different time ranges and visualizations available





Satellite Layer

- All geostationary satellites including MSG
- **Polar Orbiters**
- Mosaic
- **Color scheme editor**
- Base data stored in multi-resolution-multitile-Geotiffs

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Satellite Layer



MSG 3 channel composite , Mercator







Prototype: Trajectories





Prototype: Road Weather Information system

Road weather

Layers and Meteograms



Prototype: 3D Visualization



Instant 3D

- First prototype
- automated mapping of 2D-Paramaters on a 3D-Scene





Georaster

- Based on multi resolution - multi tile Geotiff imagery
- Data ranges from elevation data to street maps or aerial photographs
- Data is static.
- High quality data mostly not available for free



Landsat (50m Resolution), with geovector data



2









Geovector

- Vector based geo data.
- Data has different priority and accuracy
- Manual preprocessing based on shape files to create accuracy and priority hierarchy
- Depending on the scale of the map the most appropriate resolution and number of objects will be displayed
- Several themes provided: coastlines, rivers, borders, roads, airfields, FIRs...
- But high quality data usualy comes from local mapping agency
- Static data set







- Introduction and Goals of NinJo
- NinJo Client Layers and Applications
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Overview

NinJo Batch

- NinJo Web Application Server
- NinJo Meteorological Object Layer
- NinJo On Screen Analysis
- NinJo Monitoring and Alerting (AutoMon)
- NinJo Warning Creation (EPM)
- NinJo Point Data Modification (MMO)

Prototype: NinJo Batch Production



- Image and vector products can be created
 jpg, png, tiff...
 PDF, SVG, FLASH, PS incl. Animations
 Flexible legend with html-
- style language
- ECMWF's SMS-based scheduling
- Sophisticated layout and NinJo scheduler
- Basis for application serving (NinJo 1.2)





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Web Application Server Overview



Graphics and text data produced by the NinJo BatchServer displayed with portlets

- Prerendered products
- Interactively requested products

■ Simple clients show "Static" products:

- RADAR and satellite images and movies
- Standard prognostic charts and diagrams
- Interactive clients should allow for
 - toggling the visibility of data layers
 - zooming and panning
 - Selecting paths for cross sections on demand

Prototype: Web Application Server Example



Web Application Server Architecture





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Met Objects Layer



Goals

- Primary objective is the creation and modification of Graphical products
- Graphical products are made up of graphical meteorological objects
 - Objects can be created, deleted, moved and grouped
- Graphical objects are stored on servers and may be shared between products
 - even among weather offices
- Future direction: Multiple product generation from one instance of a graphic
 - The display of shared objects may differ (graphical attributes)

Met Object Layer - Examples





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Met Object Layer - Saving Objects





Met Object Layer - Editing Objects



- Line features
 - Fronts with symbols and movement
- Isolines/areas
- Jet axes
 - Jets with Jet line labels and hyphen
- Frame area
- Hatched areas
 - Raster and symbol hatching
- Indexed Areas
 - with borders , labels and legends
 - SWC's as the most cmplex case
- Station plots
 - Including icons and pictograms





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Modifying a model first guess to replace handish analysis

■ Situation:

- A map has to be drawn including fronts and other MetObjects
- The models analysis is used as a first guess
- Modification
 - Interaction is based on ingestion of point data
 - Actual observation are available
 - Bogus observations can be used as well
 - Observations will me merged with the first guess field
 - This approach is considered as the most natural approach by our forecasters
 - Modifications performed on a grid
 - Grid gets stored on servers and graphics handed over to the MOL
- Beautifying of the modified field with the Met object layer
 - The modified graphics will get "beautified" by bending of iso-lines, moving labels, adding front kinks...
 - Results can be saved as vector or pixel graphics only

Prototype: On-Screen-Analysis



- Modification of GRIB Fields
- Point Values
 - inject values
 - force use of an individual or a set of observations
- To be achieved: consistenty in the vertical / with other parameters





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AutoMON Objectives

- Weather monitoring: Direct support of the shift-working Forecaster working in warning service through permanent, automatic monitoring of current and forecasted significant weather events
- Quality monitoring: Permanent monitoring of the quality of model forecasts and issued products, i.e. the continuous monitoring of deviations from observations
- Alerting: The Forecaster is alerted when significant events occur and may react appropriately (e.g. by issuing a weather warning)
- ⇒ Help forecaster to cope with enormous amount of data available, filter out relevant information for forecast and warning process

AutoMON: Automatic Monitoring and Alerting



Warning Indicators

- Permanently monitors incoming observational-, radar-, lightning-, and model data
- Alerting based on threshholds, rules, and combinations of threshholds for configurable areas
- Status: operational in NinJo 1.1

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| Sichtweite unter 150m | Sichtweite | 10557 NEUHAUS A.R. | VV, synop (fm12) | 10.0 m | Sonneberg, Thüringen | 11.11.05 11:00:00 | 11.11.05 11:00:30 📤 |
| Sichtweite unter 150m | Sichtweite | 10544 WASSERKU | VV, synop (fm12) | 0.0 m | Fulda, Kassel, Hessen | 11.11.05 11:00:00 | 11.11.05 11:00:29 |
| 🍄 Windböen | Wind | 10578 FICHTELBERG | FX, synop (fm12) | 54.0 km/h | Annaberg, Chemnitz, Sachsen | 11.11.05 11:00:00 | 11.11.05 11:00:29 |
| Sichtweite unter 150m | Sichtweite | 10427 K.ASTEN | VV, synop (fm12) | 0.0 m | Hochsauerlandkreis, Arnsberg, Nordr. | 11.11.05 11:00:00 | 11.11.05 11:00:29 |
| 🍄 Windböen | Wind | 10131 CUXHAVEN | FX, synop (fm12) | 50.4 km/h | Cuxhaven, Lüneburg, Niedersachsen | 11.11.05 11:00:00 | 11.11.05 11:00:29 |
| | | | | | | Konfiguration | Ereignisse bestätigen |

The NinJo monitoring application with the possibility to set filters. Tabular and map based display of alerts.



Data Types Monitored

Weather Monitoring ("Threshold Values")

- Observational Data (e.g. SYNOP, METAR, SPECI, MREP, SWN, Lightning)
- Radar reflectivity and significant cells from SCIT/KONRAD cell tracking system
- Point Forecasts from statistically processed NWP model output (e.g. GME MOS), WarnMOS-Data (Spatial probabilities)
- Direct NWP gridpoint model output (e.g. LM, GME)

Quality Monitoring ("Deviations Model – Reality")

- Deviations between the current state of issued weather warnings and current observations
- Deviations between Point Forecasts from statistically processed NWP output and observations
- Deviations between synthetic satellite images from the Limited-Area Model LM and observed satellite images

AutoMON: Monitoring of current Warning Status





AutoMON: Configuration



Activation and Assignment of Warning Criteria



AutoMON: Automatic Monitoring and Alerting

- Permanently monitors incoming observational-, radar-, lightning-, and model data
- Alerting based on threshholds, rules, and combinations of threshholds for configurable areas
- Status: operational in NinJo 1.1

Criterium



Warning Indicators

The NinJo monitoring application with the possibility to set filters. Tabular and map based display of alerts.



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NinJo Production Tools

NinJo Warning Creation (EPM)

- Graphical/ alphanumerical selection of areas/objects
- Editing of a warning template
- Production of warning content (dissemination to OMEDES)
- Production of warning status data (dissemination to AutoMON)
- Monitoring of warning status (warnings issued)



Warning category Warning event Time of issuing valid time Free worded text/ standard text Additional text SMS





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Point Data Modification (MMO)







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Basic Concept

Currently: Parallel operation NinJo 1.0 and MAP (legacy workstation)

- Both workstations running in parallel on the desk of the forecaster
 - Getting aquainted in the operational environment
- Make NinJo stable in a distributed regionalized environment
 - Detect and solve issues that might pop [We don't know of any at the moment :-)]

■ NinJo 1.1 (January 2006)

- Will replace MAP on those seats that need only to view data
 - Approximately 50% of the MAP workstations will be decommissioned
 - After approval by forecasting department
- Interactive components will be tested in the operational and distributed environment.
 - Especially important for those components with regionalized responsibilities (EPM, MMO)
- Enhance and stabilize interactive components

NinJo 1.2 (Summer 2006)

- Will replace MAP completely
- Final Approval by Forecasting Department



NinJo 1.0 Features (Since April 2005)

Servers

- Point data incl. Lightning & TAF
- Grid
- Radar
- Satellite incl. Polar orbiters

■ Layers

- GeoVector and GeoRaster
- Point data incl. Metars
- Grid incl. Adwice
- Satellite incl. Polar orbiters and Mosaics
- Radar incl. Mosaics
- Sounding layer
- Lightning
- Automatic Monitoring (AutoMON) for Observational Data (DWD CFO only)
- Prototype of the Interactive graphical editor MOL (no point data)
- Prototypes of EPM, MMO, OOG

Secondary window application

- Meteograms
- Soundings
- Cross Sections

GUI - Components: myGUI, Favorites, Navigator

NinJo 1.1 Features (January 2006)

- Met Objects Layer (Graphical editor, but no editing of point data)
- Surface Layer
 - Interactive WMO-Plotmodel, Complex Rating
- Automatic monitoring and alerting (AutoMON)
- Ready for operational evaluation
 - MMO
 - EPM
 - 00G
 - On Screen Analysis
- Satellite
 - Eumetsat Nowcasting SAF
- Radar
 - Enhanced BUFR-Format to handle volume data, prototype of cell drill drown
- SCIT-Layer
- Aviation Layer
 - TAF, Metar, Gafor, flight routes...
- Formula Editor
 - Complete formula language for complex calculations with meteorological data



NinJo 1.1 Features (continued)

Formula Editor

- Complete formula language for calculations with meteorological data
- Prototype implemented for cross sections



```
<gridMergeConfig> <!-- compute Wind speed -
<mergeEntry outputID="Wind speed" replace="false">
<mergeEntry outputID="Wind "/>
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Milestones

06.07.2005 Start of parallel operations NinJo 1.0 –date depends clients

30.10.2005 Acceptance NinJo 1.0 by business area WV

30.10.2005 Start of test NinJo 1.1 by CFO Frankfurt and AFO Frankfurt (only for the non-interactive components)

- 1.12.2005 Start decommissioning of the old SGI workstations. Start of test NinJo 1.1 interactive components
- 30.01.2006 End Bugfix of the interactive components in NinJo 1.1.
- 30.01.2006 Start testing revised/bugfixed interactive components
- 03.05.2006 Installation NinJo 1.2
- 21.05.2006 Acceptance of NinJo 1.1 by business area WV including the interactive components of NinJo 1.1

24.05.2006 MAP completely decommisioned

Project Status



Milestones

