

# The next generation of ECMWF's meteorological graphics library

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### MAGICS 6.x

- Meteorological Applications Graphics Integrated Colour System
- In operational use since 1984
- Used by Member States and many other weather services
- Used in *Metview* and *Synergie*
- Hundreds of plots are produced daily for MetOps
- Thousands of plots for the Web with growing demand

# Why redesign MAGICS?

- 20 years of code history/legacy
- Take advantage of recent developments in software engineering
- Work practice changing: from paper to web usage (e.g. formatting text)
- New architecture allows more interactivity for users with Metview and formats such as SVG
- GNU configure simplifies installation and allows shared libraries to be built
- MAGICS 6.x way of handling pointers is not working on IA64/AMD64 bit platforms

### But ensure backwards compatibility!



### **Compatibility – Fortran example**





### Magics++ - how the user sees it





### The new architecture (1)

- Object-oriented architecture, where objects have a meteorological meaning (e.g. *EPSgram*)
- Magics++ objects are defined in XML so that code and documentation are produced automatically
- Standard C++ features such as the STL and well-known design patterns make Magics++ more portable and easier to optimise
- More user control over the resolution of contouring and coastlines
- Allows clearer warning and error messages



### The new architecture (2)

- Easier to implement a new data format or add a driver
- XML based formats for descriptions of titles and symbols is convenient and allows users to change these without recompiling the library

MAGICS 6.x:

3 & pot temp & potential temperature & 1.0 & 0.0 & K & deg k & 5.0 & 0 & 0 & & PT &

```
Magics++: <centre code='98'>
...
<param code='3'
short_title='pot temp'
long_title='potential temperature'
scaling='1.0' offset='-0.0'
original_unit='K' derived_unit='deg k'
vector1='0' vector2='0'
contour_interval='5.0' />
```

. . .



### **Contouring - Akima**

- Successful implementation of Akima algorithms, as presented at last Workshop
- Algorithms developed by Hiroshi Akima documented in the ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software
- INPE/CPTEC (Brazil) has been implementing a C++ version
- Algorithms handle gridded and scattered data
- Speed and accuracy are configurable by the user, although Magics++ will always choose sensible automatic values by default





Magics 0.8.0d - guiltop - cgi - Mon Nov 14 15:48:42 2005



### **Data formats**

- Grib versions 1 & 2 are supported through new ECMWF GribAPI library
- NetCDF support added
- Observations no longer only read from BUFR
- Magics++ supports the retrieval of data through ECMWF's Observational DataBase (ODB)
- ODB request can be sent from Magics++ and instantly plotted
- The high data volume of the ODB is challenging, especially for interactive usage
- Magics++ can easily be extended to access other databases





### Magics++ and ODB example

Odb Access (400000 points)

Odb Database:odb://igraine/bigtmp/odb\_data/ECMA.amsub/ECMA

select lat, lon, obsvalue from hdr, body where obsvalue is not null





### **Programming Interfaces**

- Definitions of Magics++ plots can be written in Fortran, C/C++ and MagML (XML)
- Procedural (Fortran/C) and object-oriented (C++, MagML)
- The simple API for Fortran with its parameter concept stays – with a few default values changed
- Aim is to plot meteorological data as simply as possible with meaningful automatic scaling and title



# MagML

- XML based format to describe Magics++ plots
- Descriptive, not procedural
- No need for (re-)compilation
- *MagML\_Interpreter* program processes a MagML file
- Interpreter can be easily called in user code
- Description is very different from Fortran API more closely reflecting the internal structure of Magics++
- Can be integrated into more complex XML request descriptions → see "plot on demand" demo



# MagML example (1) - the code

<magics>

<page format='a4' orientation = 'landscape' >

#### <subpage>

<mapview>

<cylindrical>

<corners min\_longitude='-20' min\_latitude='20' max\_longitude='30' max\_latitude='60' />

</cylindrical>

</mapview>

<coastlines>

<coast>

```
<colour> grey </colour>
```

</coast>

</coastlines>

<layer>

<grib path = '/path\_to\_data/z500.grb' /> <contour/>

</layer>

<text font ='Times-Roman' >This is an MAGML Demo Plot

<colour> avocado </colour>

</text>

</subpage>

</page>

</magics>



### MagML example (2) - the output





### **Output formats**

- In a single run Magics++ can produce multiple output formats to save computing time (calculations are only performed once)
- New object-oriented architecture allows easy implementing of new output drivers
- PostScript driver extended to output PDF and EPS
- Magics++ uses GD to produce GIF, PNG and JPEG (much faster than with ImageMagick's convert)
- GIFs can be animated



### **Multiple output formats - example**







### **Output formats - SVG**

- SVG is an XML based vector graphics format for the web
- Supports interaction with user to enable navigation through a plot
- Problem is the support of SVG in web browsers (differences in scripting and font sizes)
- The hope of the last workshop that SVG would be much better supported by now has not materialised
- Driver can easily be adapted to support any other future XML based vector graphics format (e.g. MS WVG/Avalon)



### **Future benefits for Metview**

- Magics++ and Metview will both use C++
- More input and output formats
- More interactivity for users
  - toggle contour labels, shading, HiLo
  - change quality of contours/coastlines
- Better display through the new OpenGL driver
  - higher quality text
  - improved import of graphics
- Generate MagML for plot-on-demand (web)



### **Magics++ in Metview**

### **Point selection**



### Area selection





### **Lessons learned**

- Using XML for the description of objects and configuration has made Magics++ very flexible and stable
- Choice of STL container can affect the performance a lot
- C++ exceptions are not working with Fortran inside static libraries
- Converting from ClearCase to Perforce for version control was a big improvement
- Limit the number of third-party dependencies
- Benefit of automated test suite with HTML output (various platforms / ECMWF SMS)



### The way ahead (1)

- Magics++ was already used for the ERA-40 catalogue ('PNETCDF') and is being tested at ECMWF for web requests through MagML
- Nov. 2005: Internal release of Magics++ 1.0 in ECMWF
- Version on *ecgate*, to test for Member States, follows shortly
- Followed by external webpage

http://www.ecmwf.int/publications/manuals/magics



### The way ahead

- Implementing further interactive features in SVG output
- Release of external version second half 2006
- Integrate Magics++ into Metview and extend Metview to take advantage of new features (i.e. interactivity)
- Consider using GIS data in Magics++ (see Working Group)



### **Overview**



