

# **GEOSS Common Infrastructure and the Big Data challenges**

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*(3) GEO Secretariat*





Group on Earth Observation and Global Earth Observation system  
of systems

# GEO AND GEOSS





## The Group on Earth Observation (GEO)

GEO is a partnership of **more than 100 national governments** and in excess of 100 **Participating Organizations** that envisions a future where decisions and actions for the benefit of humankind are informed by coordinated, comprehensive and sustained Earth observations.

Ministers of the GEO member governments meet periodically to provide the political mandate and overall strategic direction for GEO.

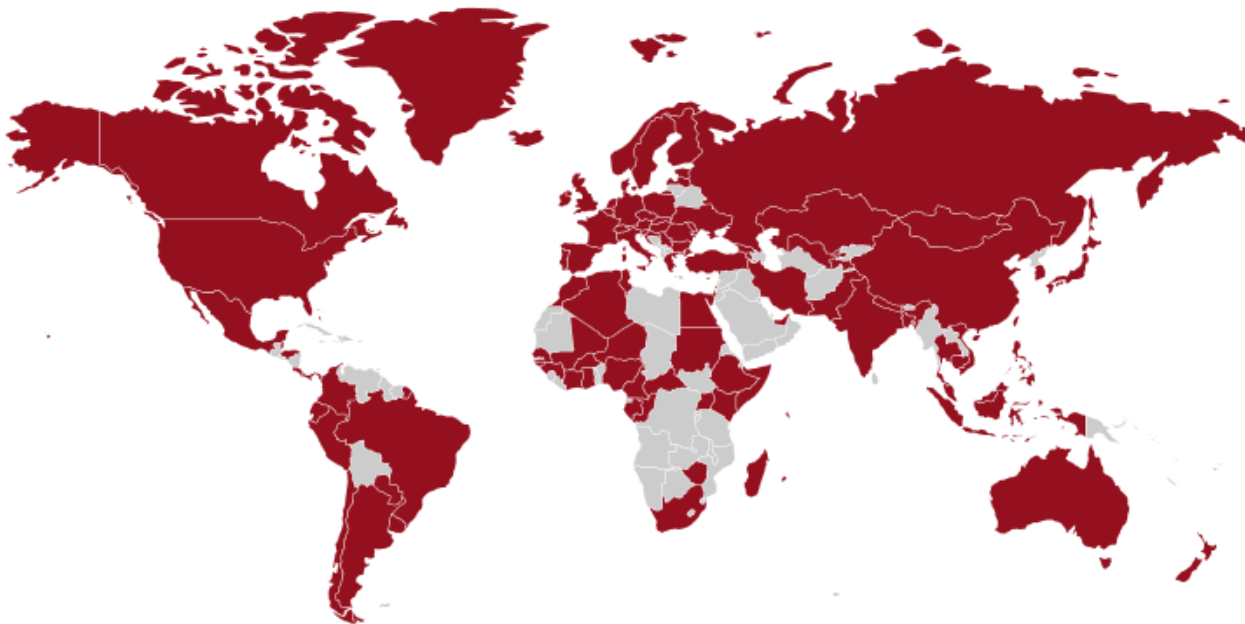
GEO is a unique global network connecting government institutions, academic and research institutions, data providers, businesses, engineers, scientists and experts to create innovative solutions to global challenges at a time of exponential data growth, human development and climate change that transcend national and disciplinary boundaries. The unprecedented global collaboration of experts helps identify gaps and reduce duplication in the areas of sustainable development and sound environmental management.



# 104 Member States

GEO Member Map for the year 2017

*(Use slider under the map to change the year)*



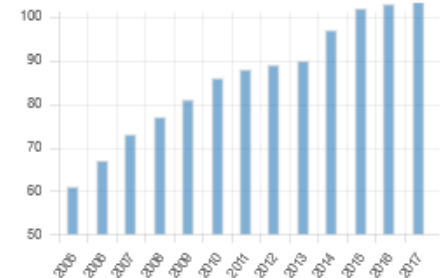
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

Number of Members (2017)

Africa:	27
Americas:	16
Asia/Oceania:	20
C.I.S.:	7
Europe:	34

**Total: 104**

Number of Members by year





# 106 Participating Organizations

AARSE	ACMAD	adig ASSOCIATION OF DIGITAL INDUSTRY & INNOVATIVE ECONOMY	AGI ASSOCIATION OF GEOSPATIAL INDUSTRIES	APN	ARISE	ASREN Arab States Research and Education Network	BELMONT FORUM	Bioversity International
CASA	CATHALAC	Convention on Biological Diversity	creative commons	CEOS	CGMS	CIC	CODATA	
COSPAR	CRTEAN	EARSC European Association of Remote Sensing Companies	EARSeL	ECMWF	EEA	ESA	EPOS EUROPEAN OBSERVING SYSTEM	esa
ESIP	ESSI	EUROPEAN UNION SATELLITE CENTRE SatCen Analysis for decision making	EUMETNET European Earth Observing Network	EUMETSAT	EUREC AGENCY European Research Infrastructure for Earth System Research	eurisy ACTING COLLECTIVELY TO BRIDGE SPACE AND SOCIETY	EUROGEO SURVEYS European Association of Geodesy	FAO
futureearth research for global sustainability	GRSS Global Remote Sensing Society	GSDI Global Spatial Data Infrastructure Association	GCOS GLOBAL CLIMATE OBSERVING SYSTEM	GEANT	GEM	GFP Global Food Partnership	THE GLOBE PROGRAM	GLOS Global Ocean Observing System
GOOS Global Ocean Observing System	GRSS	GSDI	GTOS	HOT Humanitarian OpenStreetMap Team	IBEC INTERNATIONAL BIOMONITORING ENVIRONMENTAL CENTER	IAAG	International Association of Geodesy	ICA AGI
ICIMOD	ICOS INTEGRATED CARBON OBSERVATION SYSTEM	ICSU International Council for Science	IEEE	International Hydrographic Organization Organisation Hydrographique Internationale	IASA	iisd International Institute for Sustainable Development	International Institute of Space Law	ILTER International Long-Term Ecological Research Network
INCOSE International Council on Systems Engineering	INCOSE	International Council for Science	International Society Committee for Global Mapping	ISDE	isprs International Society for Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing	ITC	International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics (IUGG)	IUGS Earth System for the Global Community
IWI 30 International Water Management Institute	JBGIS Joint Board of Geospatial Information Societies	LMI	LMI	MRI mountain research initiative	marine technology SOCIETY Opportunities run deep	OGC Open Geospatial Consortium, Inc.	OSS	pogo
RCRD	RDA RESEARCH DATA ALLIANCE	Regional Centre for Training in Aerospace Survey	SAON SATELLITE APPLICATIONS OBSERVING NETWORKS	SICA SOUTH INDIAN CLIMATE ALLIANCE	SPC Secretariat of the Pacific Community Applied Geospatial and Technology Division (GAPAC)	SECURE WORLD FOUNDATION	THE WORLD BANK	NCAR UCAR University Corporation for Atmospheric Research
UNCCD	UNEP	UNEP	UNESCO	UNESCO	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change	UNISDR The United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction	unitar United Nations Institute for Training and Research	UNOSAT
UNITED NATIONS UNIVERSITY UNU-EHS Institute for Environment and Human Security	WCRP World Climate Research Programme	ICSU WORLD DATA SYSTEM	World Federation of Public Health Associations Public Health Association for Environmental and Occupational Health and Safety	World Health Organization	WMO	WORLD OCEAN COUNCIL The International Business Alliance for Sustainable Ocean Stewardship		



# Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS)

Together, the GEO community is creating a **Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS)**.

Earth observations from diverse sources, including satellite, airborne, in-situ platforms, and citizen observatories, when integrated together, provide powerful tools for understanding the past and present conditions of Earth systems, as well as the interplay between them.

GEOSS aims to better integrate observing systems and share data by connecting existing infrastructures.

There are more than 200 million open data resources in GEOSS from more than 150 national and regional providers such as NASA and ESA; international organizations such as WMO and the commercial sector such as Digital Globe.



# GEOS Societal Benefit Areas





GEOSS Common Infrastructure (GCI)

# IMPLEMENTING GEOSS





DOWNSTREAM



MIDSTREAM



UPSTREAM



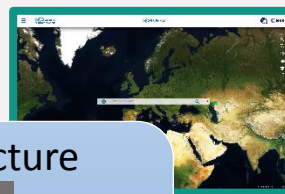
*GEOSS  
end-Users*



GEOSS Applications

*GEOSS Portal*

*GEOSS Application  
Developers  
(intermediate Users)*



GEOSS Common Infrastructure

APIs

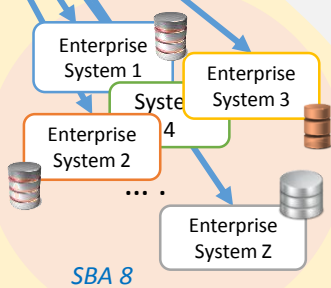
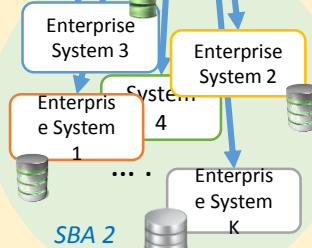
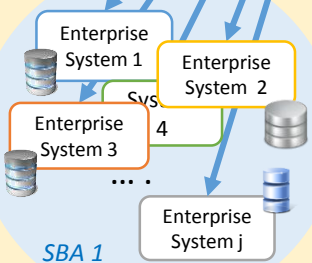
**GOO DAB**

**GOOSS Portal**

Mediation modules

*GEOSS Community  
Environment*

*GEOSS Supply  
Chain*



*GEOSS Providers*





## Enhanced GEOSS Portal - Overview

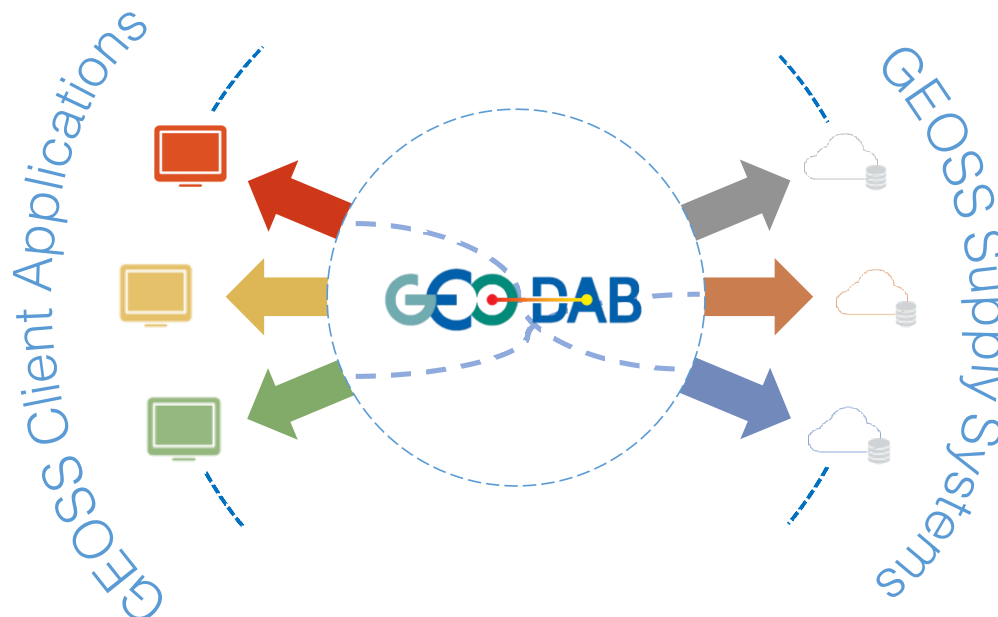
- Enhanced during 2016
- Accessible from [www.geoportal.org](http://www.geoportal.org)
- Coordinated with *ESA*, *CNR-IIA*, *DG-RTD*, *DG-JRC* and *GeoSec*
- Focus on **engagement, delivery and advocating**
- Structured in **3 phases**
  - *1<sup>st</sup> phase – 2016: interface restyling: completed*
  - *2<sup>nd</sup> phase – 2017/18: deployment of major upgrades*
  - *3<sup>rd</sup> phase – 2019 onwards – operations and evolutions*





## GEO Discovery and Access Broker (DAB)

GEO DAB is a **brokering framework** that interconnects hundreds of heterogeneous and autonomous supply systems (the enterprise systems constituting the GEO metasytem) by providing mediation, harmonization and transformation capabilities.



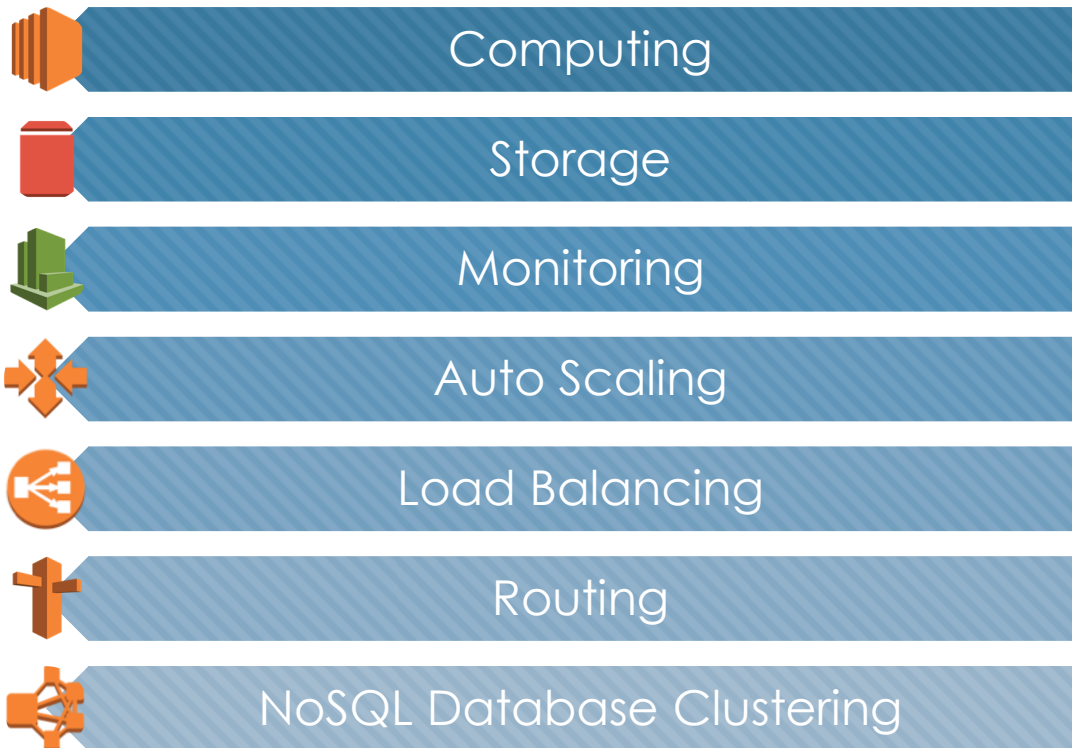


# BIG DATA IN GEOSS





# Big Data Enabling Technologies





Big Data challenges for the GCI

# VARIETY

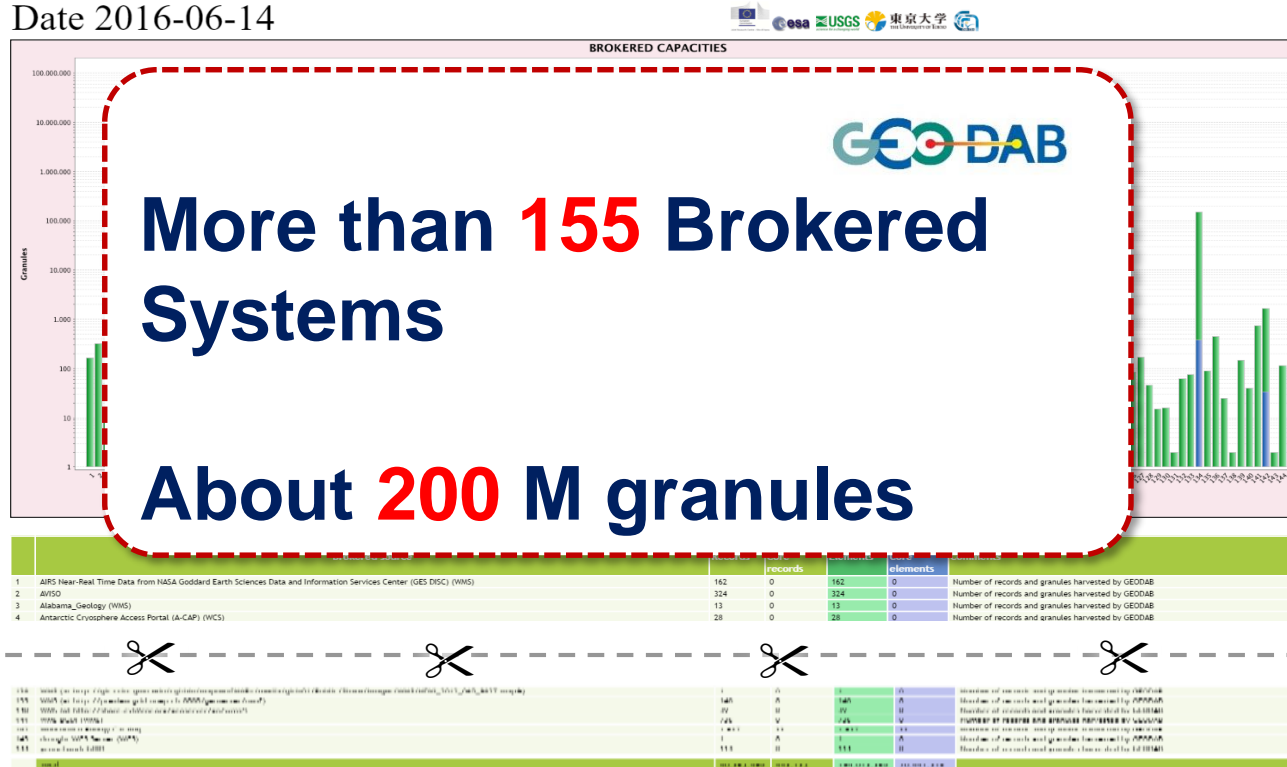




# Variety in GEOSS

- *Variety* is the most important V for GEOSS.

Date 2016-06-14







OGC CSW 2.0.2 API ISO 1.0	INPE
OGC CSW 2.0.2 bRIM EO	CKAN
OGC CSW 2.0.2 bRIM CIM	DCAT
ESRI GEOPORTAL 1.0	GI-cat
OAI-PMH 2.0	ESRI GEOPORTAL 1.0
OpenSearch 1.1	NCML-OD
OpenSearch 1.1 ESIP	BCODMO
OpenSearch GENESIS DR	NCML-CF
CKAN	NetCDF-CF 1.4
CUAHSI HIS-Central	FTP populated with supported metadata types
ESRI REST API 1.0.3	WAF Web Accessible Folders
OGC WCS	GeoNetwork (2.2.0 or greater)
OGC WMS	Ecological Markup Language 2.1.1
OGC WFS 1.0.0, 1.1.0, 2.0.0	NERRS (National Estuarine Research Reserve System)
OGC WMTS	HMA CSW 2.0.2 bRIM/CIM
OGC SOS 1.0.0, 2.0.0, 2.0.0 Hydro Profile	HDF
OGC WPS 1.0.0	IADC DB (MySQL)
OGC CSW 2.0.0 Core	GrADS-DS
OGC CSW 2.0.2 API ISO 1.0	FedEO
OGC CSW 2.0.2 bRIM/EO AP	ARPA DB (based on Microsoft SQL)
OGC CSW 2.0.2 bRIM/CIM AP	ESRI Map Server
IRIS Station	SHAPE files (FTP)
IRIS Event	KISTERS Web Environment of Canada
HYRAX THREDDS SERVER 1.9	Environment Canada Hydrometric Data (FTP)
OAI-PMH 2.0 Harvesting	OpenSearch 1.1
GBIF	Earth Engine
DIF	RASAQM
HYDRO	EGASKRO
UNAVCO	SITAD (Sistema Informativo Territoriale Ambientale Diffuso)
CDI 1.04, 1.3, 1.4	File System
ISO19115-2	GDACS
THREDDS 1.0.1, 1.0.2	GeoRSS 2.0
THREDDS-NCISO 1.0.1, 1.0.2	Degree Catalog Service 2.2
THREDDS-NCISO-PLUS 1.0.1, 1.0.2	OpenSearch GENESIS DR



# Adopted Solutions – GEOSS Portal

- *User-centric, considering various user communities:*

- GEO Flagships and Global initiatives
- ESA Thematic Exploitation Platforms



- *SBA/Thematic Customization:*

- **Satellite:** includes smart filters for imagery (Landsat, Sentinel 2) and SAR-type (Sentinel 1) satellite data;

- **Disaster Resilience SBA:** Earthquake events filters





Big Data challenges for the GCI

# VOLUME





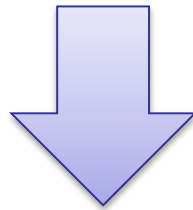
## Volume in GEOSS

- GEOSS has to deal with the large amount of datasets provided by the end systems, e.g. millions of discoverable (small to medium size) products, and long EO time/space series.
- While GEOSS does not store the datasets, it has to collect metadata (at least for harvested catalogs) and provide effective discoverability.

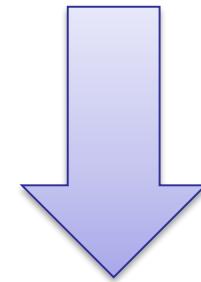


## Adopted Solutions

- Dealing with such numbers, normally constrained queries commonly match a large number of datasets.
- GCI addresses this challenge by returning a smaller and/or an ordered result sets.



**Ranking and Paging**





# Ranking and Paging





## GEOSS View



- Definition:
  - Subset of the whole GEOSS resources defined by applying, via the DAB, a set of clauses
    - *Discovery clauses* (e.g. spatial envelope, keywords, sources, etc.)
    - *Access clauses* (e.g. data format, access protocol, CRS, etc.)
  - Defined “View” exposed on the GEOSS Portal

**Consumer-defined View** – i.e. Client-side These views are available only for the client application which defined the view.

**Provider-defined View** – i.e. Server-side These views are available for all client applications.









Big Data challenges for the GCI

# VELOCITY







## Velocity in GEOSS

- In GEOSS, *Velocity* related challenges include:
  - Processing rate to transform and preview data
  - Asynchronous approach for data access
  - Real-time (or near real-time) data access



## Adopted Solutions – Fast Preview

- GEO DAB provides a fast preview service allowing to get data preview:
  - Metadata record is augmented by adding a reference to data preview; preview tiles at different zoom levels are generated in a batch mode.
  - To store and retrieve single tiles in an efficient way, GEO DAB utilizes a NoSQL key-value DB.
  - When available, GEO DAB utilizes data provider fast preview services by implementing the required mediation.
- GEOSS Portal uses allows Users to quickly evaluate discovered data before deciding the download.



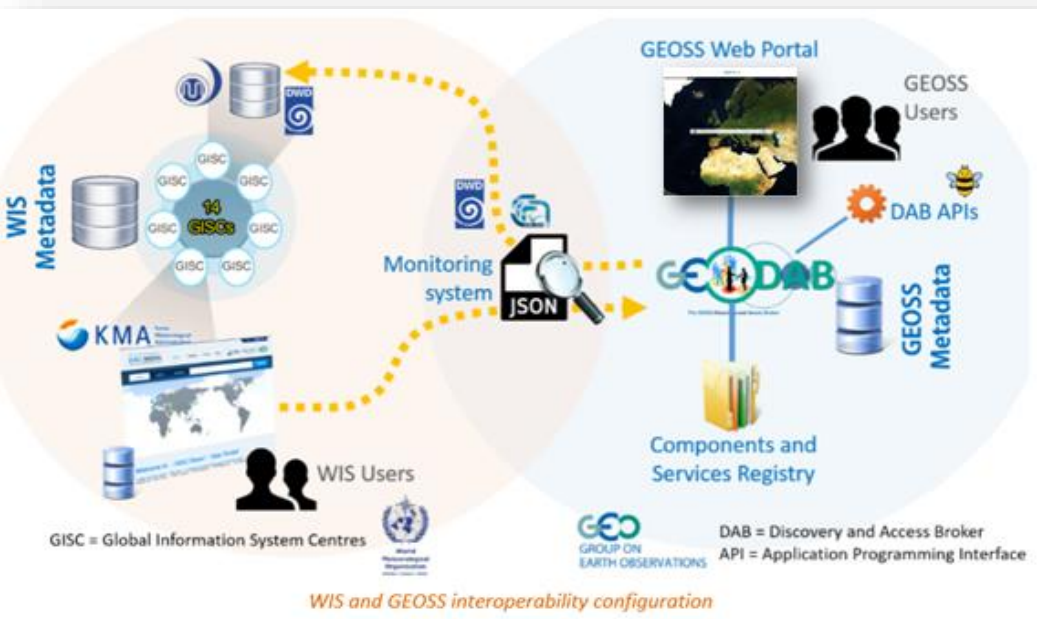
## Adopted Solutions – Asynchronous Approach

- In an environment such as GEOSS, the asynchronous approach is implemented in cases in which the required processing time is too long for a client. This is still under testing with the Enhanced GEOSS Portal.
- The DAB + OGC services allow to access information according to a coordinate Reference System, spatial extent and resolution.
- When the information workflow requires a long processing time, Users are allowed to opt for an asynchronous version of the same services.



# Adopted Solutions – Real-time (or near real-time)

- GEOSS must support near real-time data discovery and access (i.e. GEOSS must be able to broker near real-time systems)
- Two strategies have been pursued to broker these systems:



Harvest information of near

Global Biodiversity Facility (GBIF)  
 INPE Steallite Imagery  
 ESRI ArcGIS Online

...

**High-frequency  
 Re-harvesting**



Big Data challenges for the GCI

# VISUALIZATION





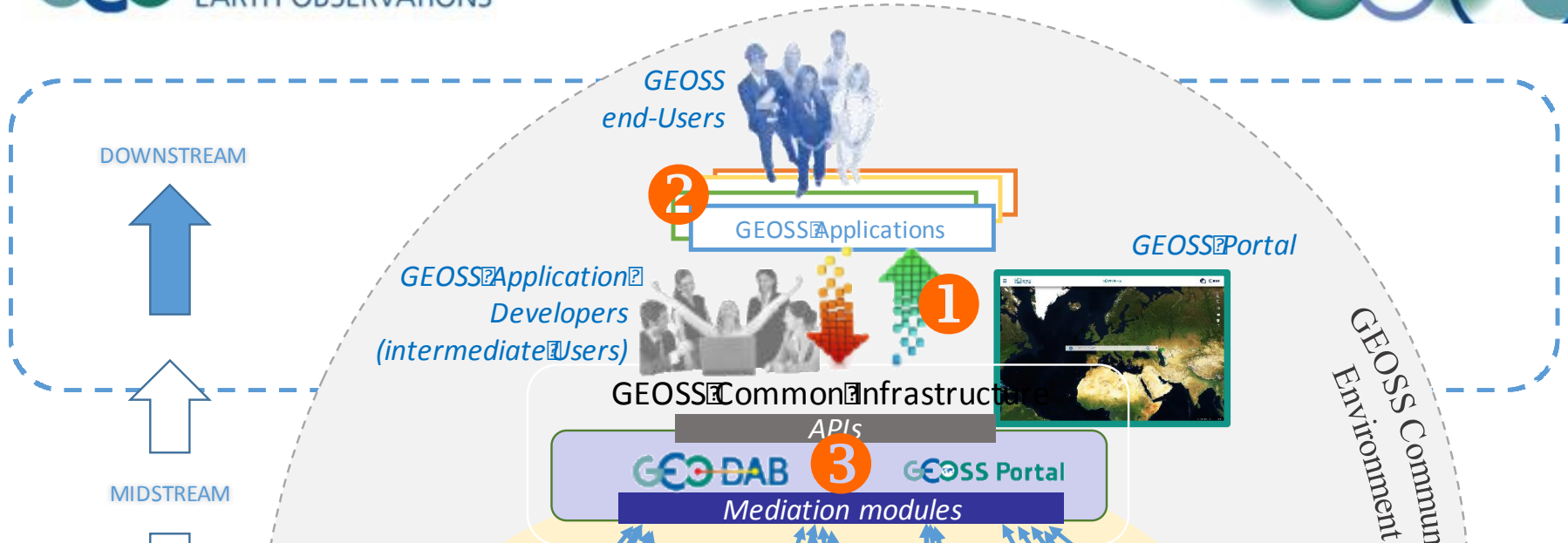
## Visualization in GEOSS

- In GEOSS, challenges related to *Visualization* stem from datasets heterogeneity and volume.
- In addition, GEOSS needs to address the requirement to support diverse (cross-)disciplinary applications targeting different Communities and User categories which have different needs, as for data visualization in an informative and significant way.



## Adopted solutions

- GEOSS Portal customization:
  - In addition to what was described in *Variety* challenge, GEOSS Portal is focusing on providing **resuable Portlets** (for integration in external Community Applications) and **custom visualization of results** (e.g. display seismic events according to magnitude)
- A set of high-level APIs (Application Program Interfaces) have been designed and developed along with documentation and usage examples (the GEO DAB APIs) to allow the development of ad-hoc applications exploiting GEOSS content.



## Different APIs for serving diverse Application development use cases (environments)

- 1** A set of standard **Web service interfaces**:
- e.g. **OGC service interfaces, CKAN, OAI-PMH, FTP**, etc.

A set of APIs for software developers:

- 2**
- **Client side APIs**:
    - (high-level) **JavaScript library**
    - ... (Python)
  - **Server side APIs**:
    - **REST/JSON APIs**
    - **OpenSearch APIs**
    - ...





Big Data challenges for the GCI

# VERACITY AND VALUE





## Veracity and Value in GEOSS

- Giving access to a huge amount of datasets coming from different systems with their own mandate and governance, GEOSS has to consider the veracity and value of the published information.
- Particularly true if considering that GEOSS targets not only research communities, but also decision and policy makers, and therefore the veracity and value of the published information may affect relevant decisions.



## Adopted Solutions

- GEOSS Data Management Working Group provides a a set of **Data Management Principles**, including quality-related aspects;
- **Essential Variables:**
  - EVs can be defined as those parameters required for study, reporting, and management of problems in a specific scientific or societal domains.
  - This effort is particularly important for an infrastructure such as the GCI: the formalization and use of the EVs concept, and related instances, allows extracting the most valuable data matching User's request.



## Conclusions

- In the past 10 years GEOSS has developed a truly Global and multidisciplinary System-of Systems
- A valuable framework to experiment and learn how to face Big Data challenges –in particular Variety and Volume ones.
- The new GEOSS Portal + DAB platform significantly improved the discoverability and accessibility of shared GEOSS resources, addressing more and more User requirements.



**Thank you**



# Backup