

Exploring stochastic model uncertainty representations

... with relevance to the greyzone ...

Sarah-Jane Lock, Martin Leutbecher, Peter Bechtold, Richard Forbes

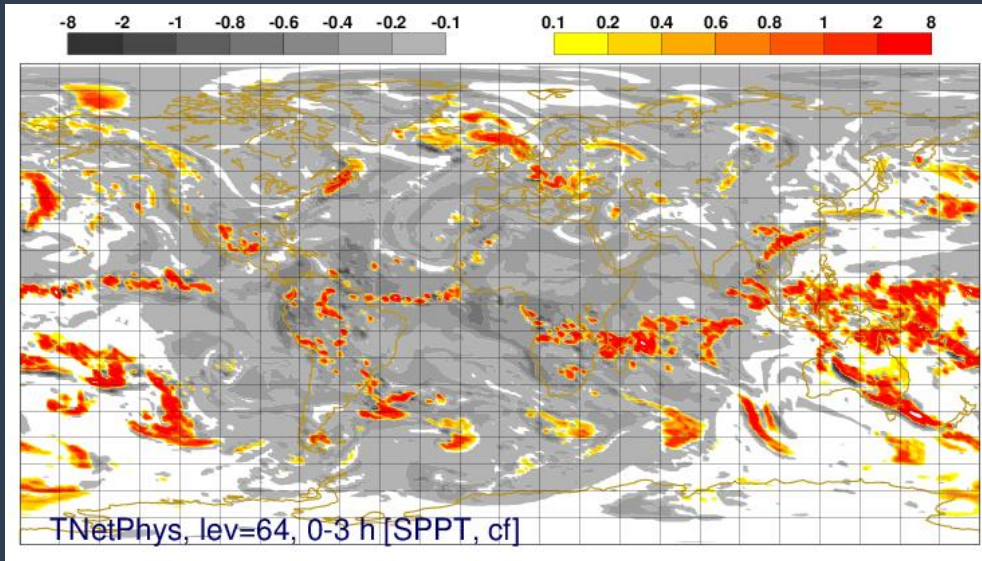
Research Department, ECMWF

sarah-jane.lock@ecmwf.int

Stochastic model uncertainty representations I: SPPT

Net physics:

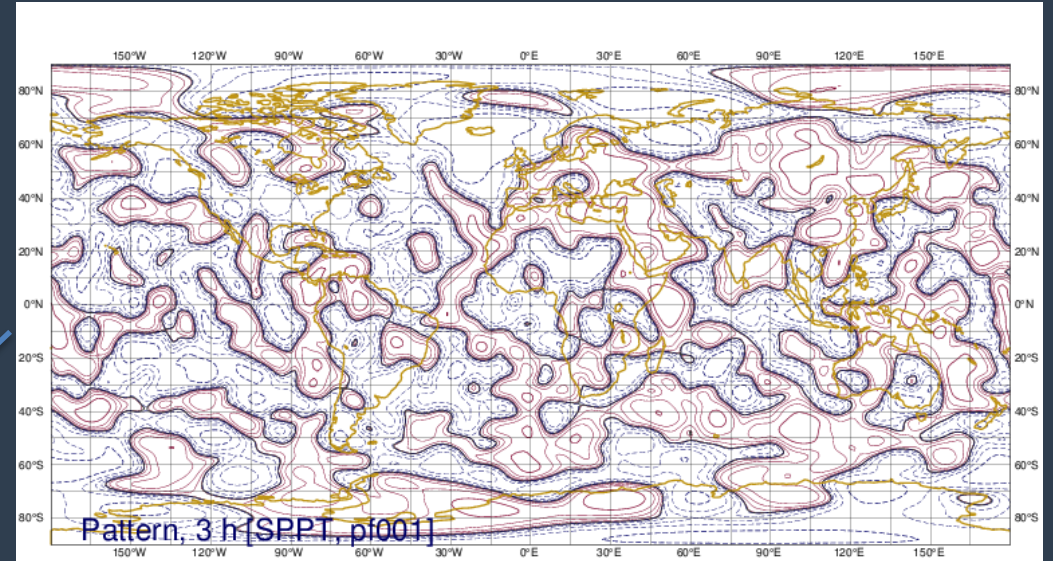
T tendencies (K/3h), 0-3h, model level 64



Unperturbed model

Random pattern:

$r \sim N[0, 0.55]$, time/spatial correlations (6 h/500 km)



e.g. member #1

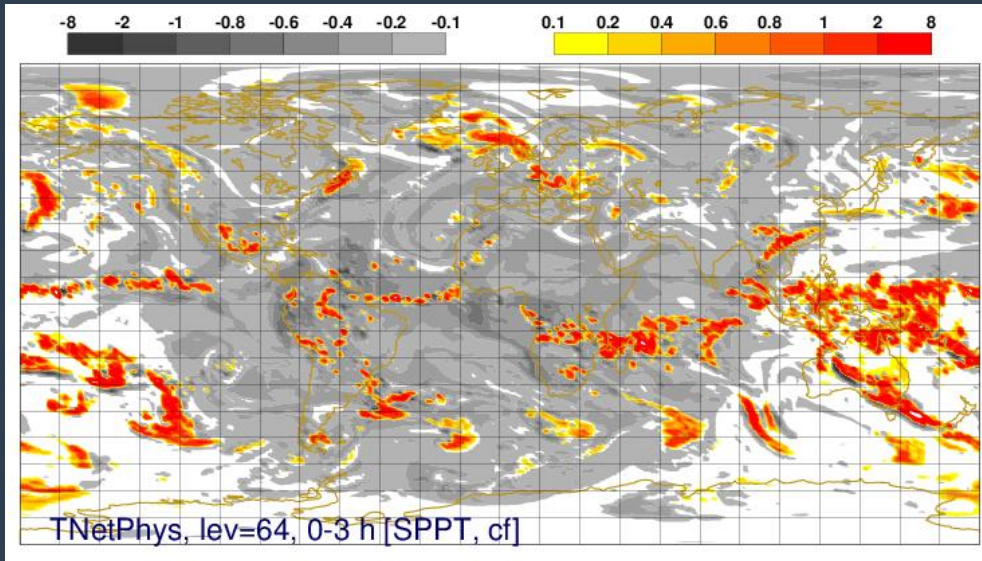
$$X' = (1 + r)X$$

Perturbed forecast

Stochastic model uncertainty representations I: SPPT

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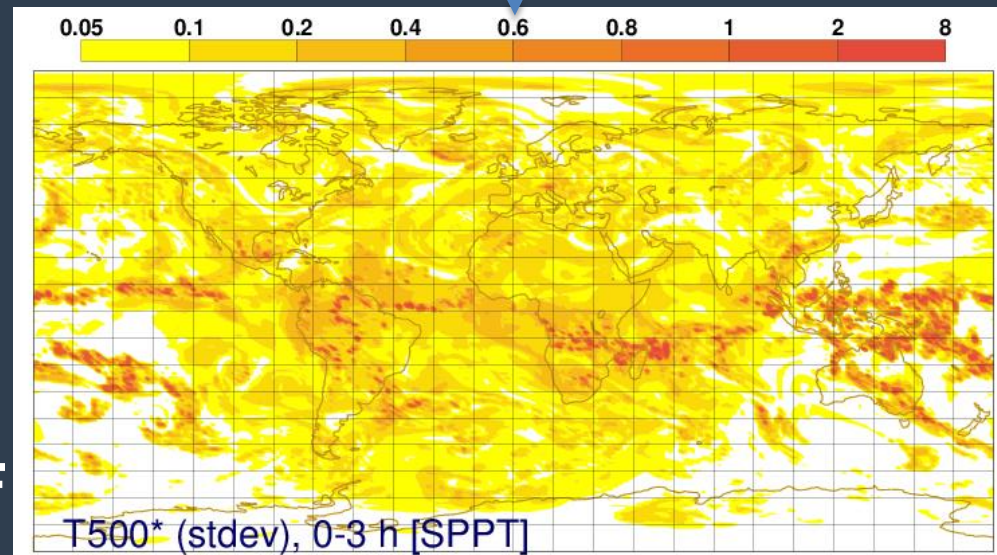
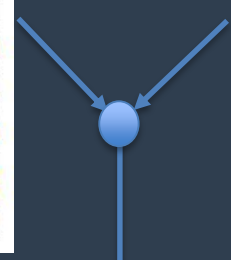
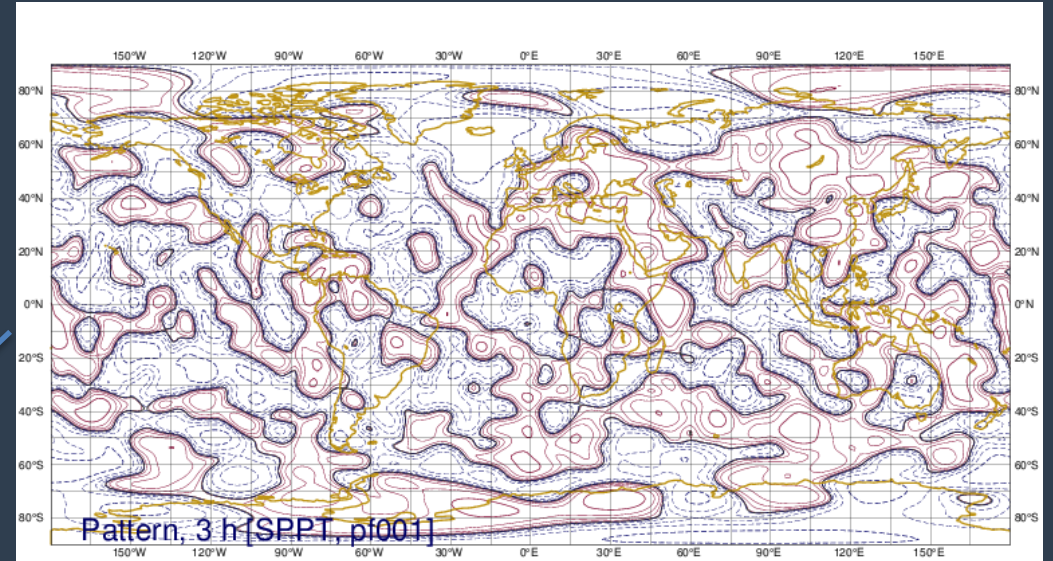
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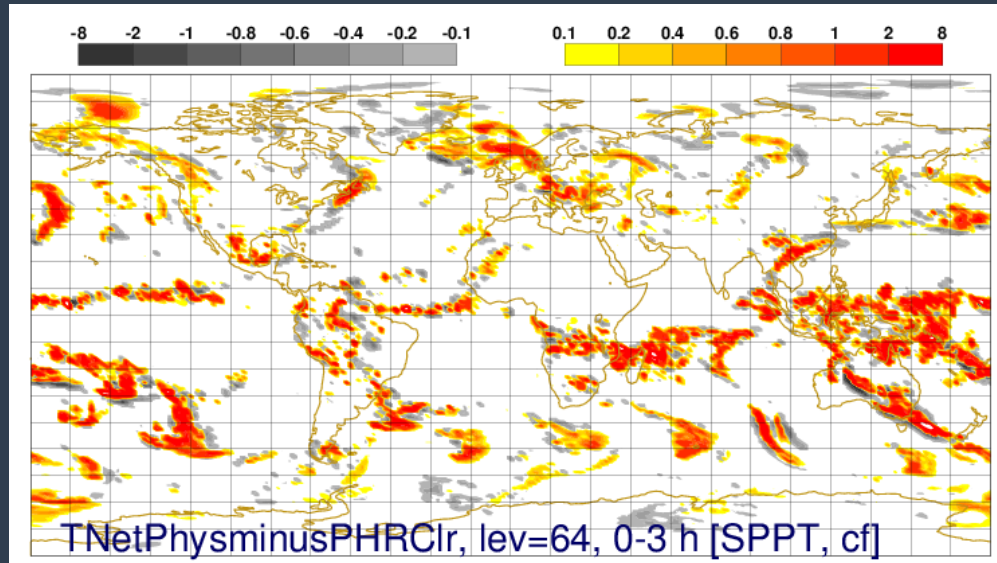


Ensemble standard deviation
(20 perturbed members)

e.g. member #1
red, solid: $0 < r < +1$
blue, dash: $-1 < r < 0$

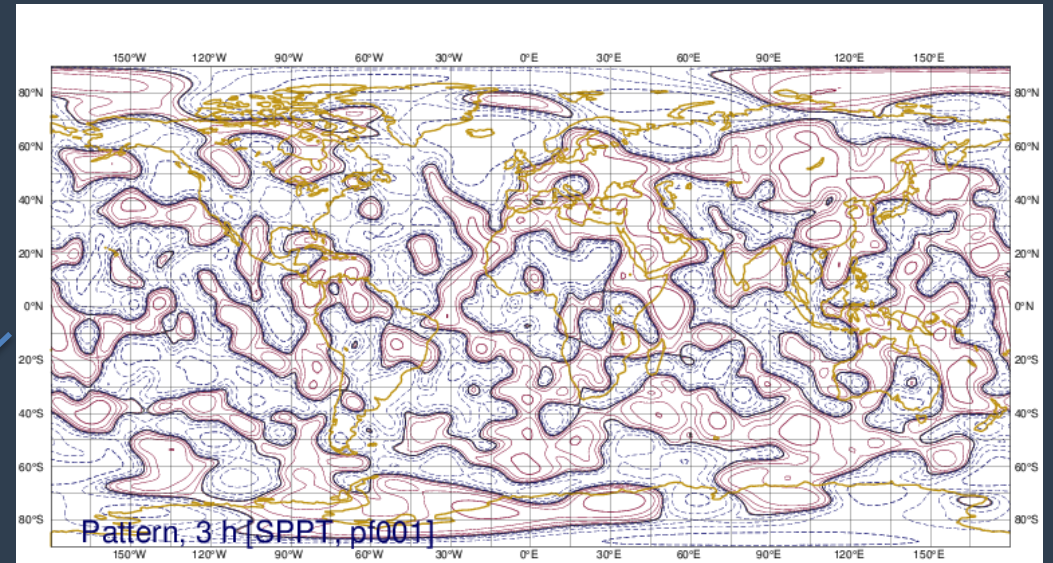
Stochastic model uncertainty representation II: **SPPT (revised)**

Net physics *minus clear-sky heating rates (radiation)*:
T tendencies (K/3h), 0-3h, model level 64



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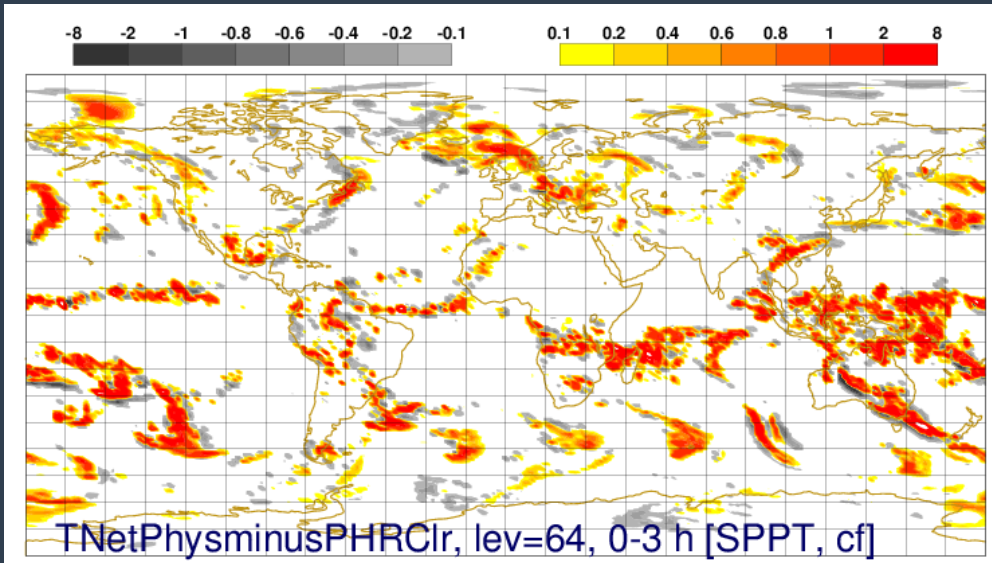
$$X' = (X_1' + X_2) = (1 + r)X_1 + X_2$$

Perturbed forecast

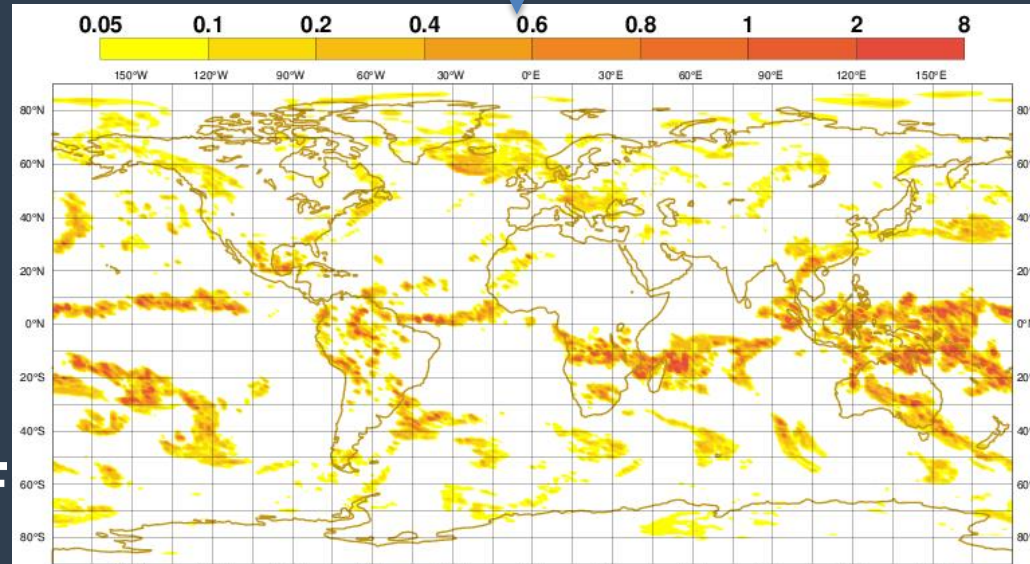
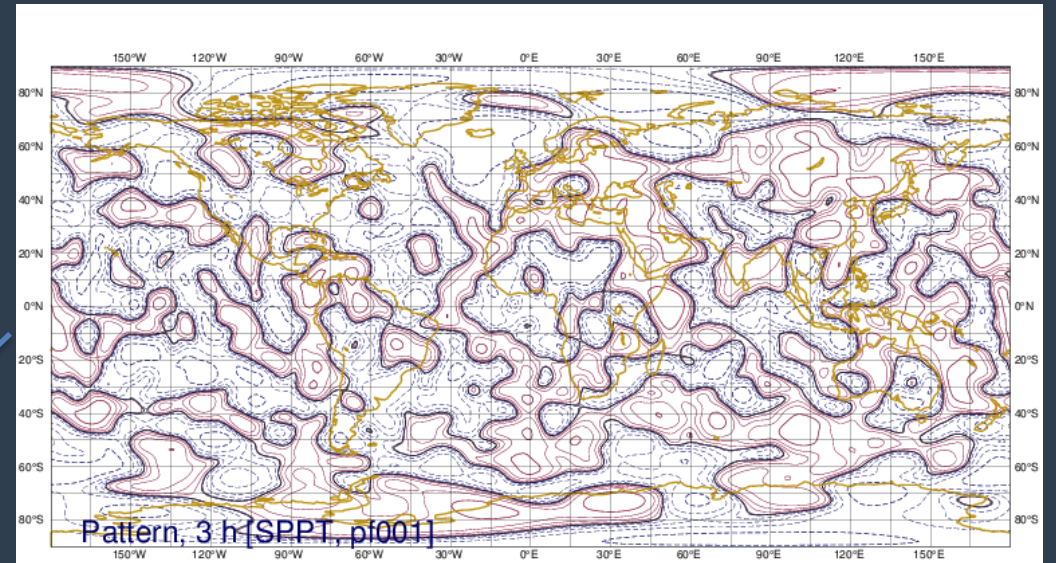
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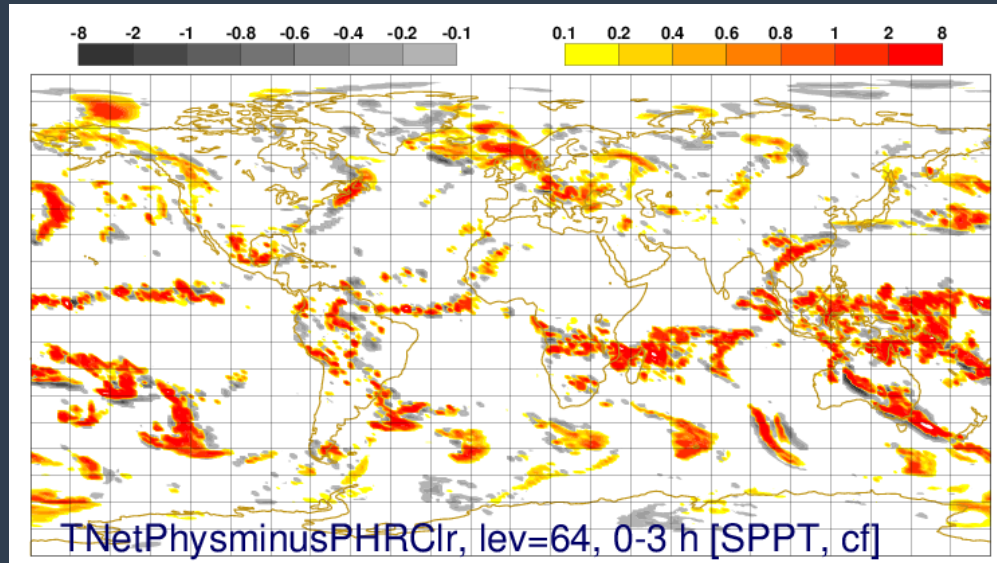


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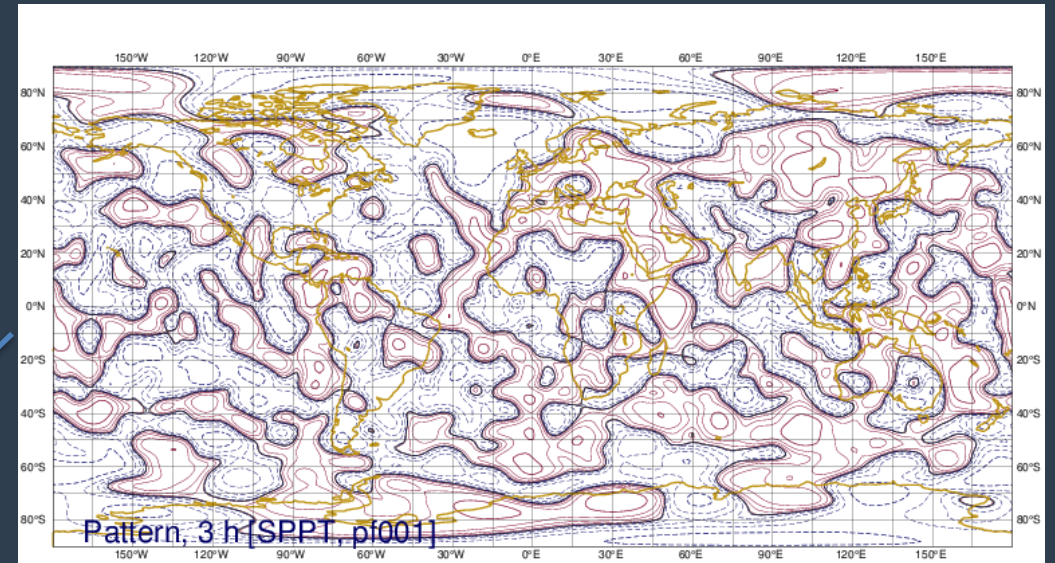
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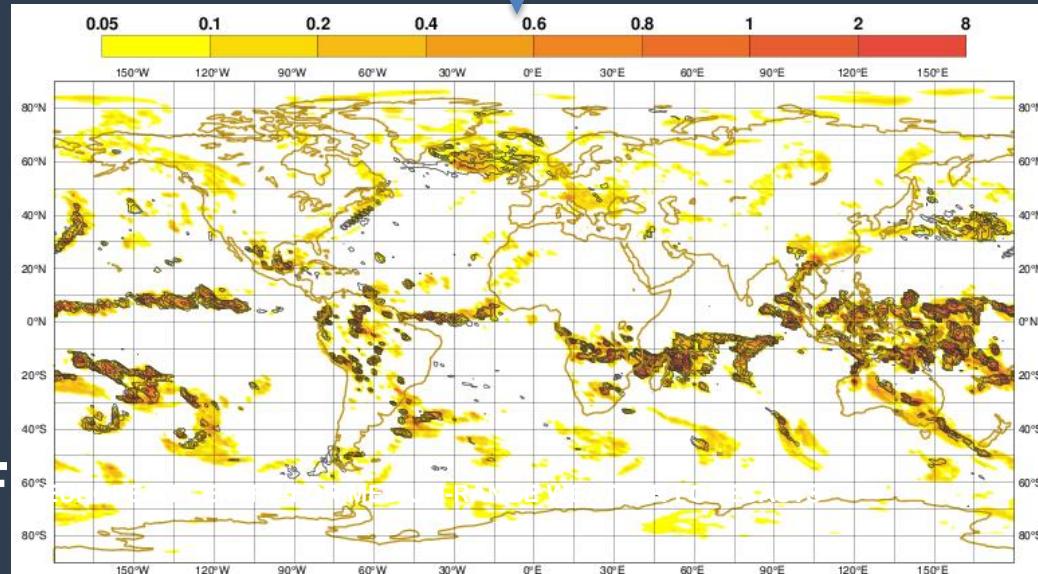


Unperturbed model

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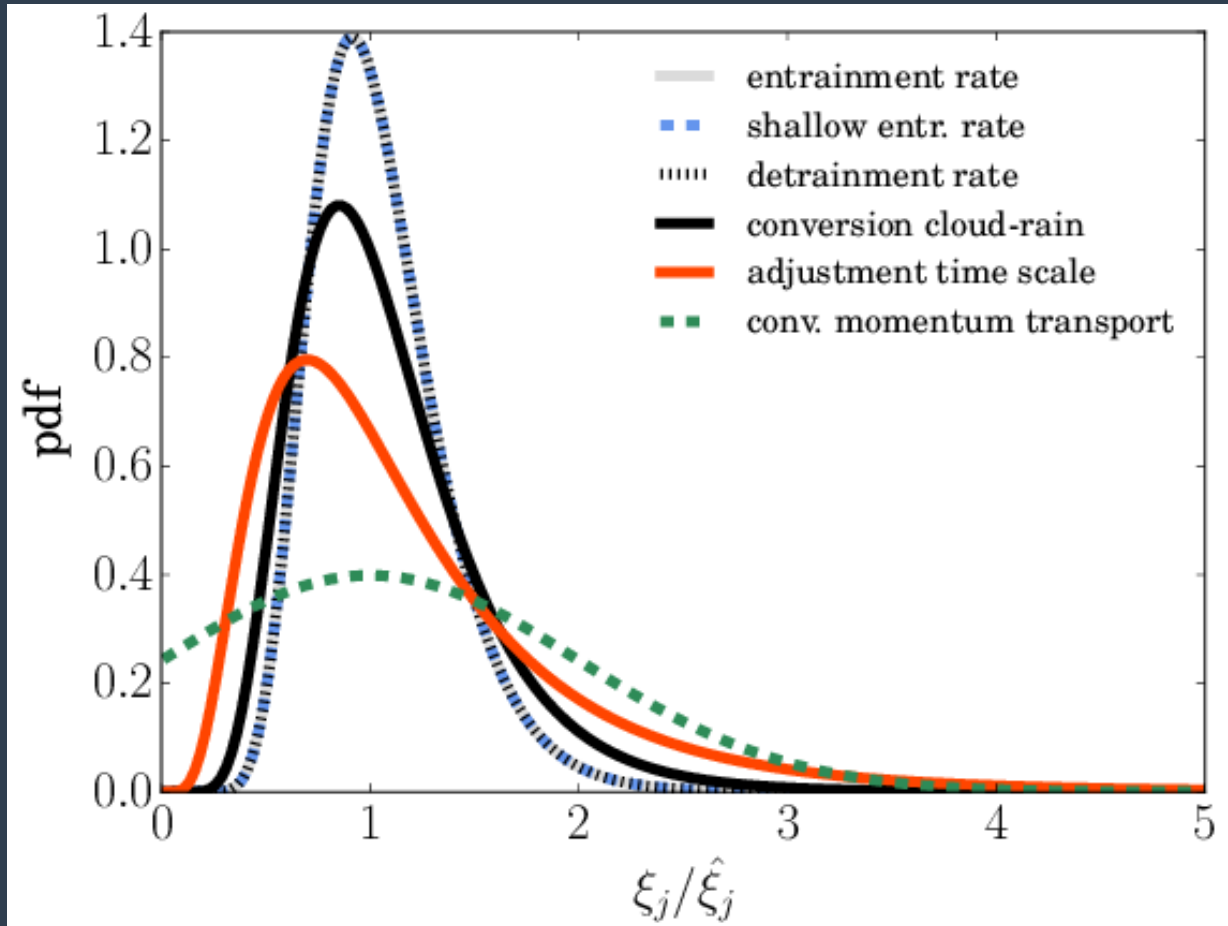


SPPT: physics tendencies associated with deep convection generate much of the ensemble spread



e.g. member #1
red, solid: $0 < r < +1$
blue, dash: $-1 < r < 0$

Stochastic model uncertainty representation III: **SPP**



Stochastically Perturbed Parametrisations (**SPP**)

(Ollinaho et al., 2017, QJRMS)

Quantities within parametrisation schemes are multiplied with noise from a 2D random pattern:

$$\xi = r \hat{\xi}$$

correlated in space (**2000 km**) and time (**72 h**).

e.g. convection scheme parameters are perturbed with numbers drawn from distributions shown

Currently: **20 independent perturbations** of quantities in:

- boundary layer
- radiation
- large-scale precipitation and cloud
- convection

Stochastic model uncertainty representation III: SPP

Turbulent diffusion & sub-grid orography (4)

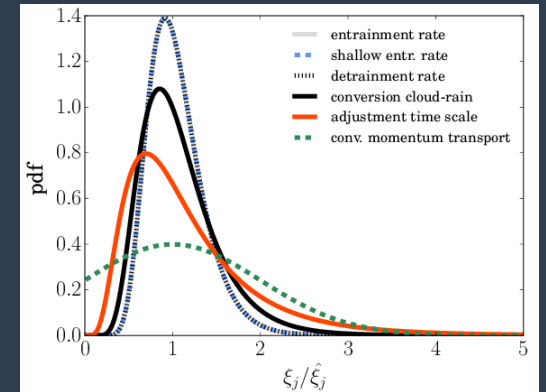
- transfer coefficient for momentum
- coeff. in turb. orographic form drag scheme
- stdev of subgrid orography
- vertical mixing length scale (stable BL)

Radiation (5)

- cloud vert. decorrelation height in McICA
- fractional stdev of horizontal distrib. of water content
- effective radius of cloud water and ice
- scale height of aerosol norm. vert. distrib.
- optical thickness of aerosol

Convection (7)

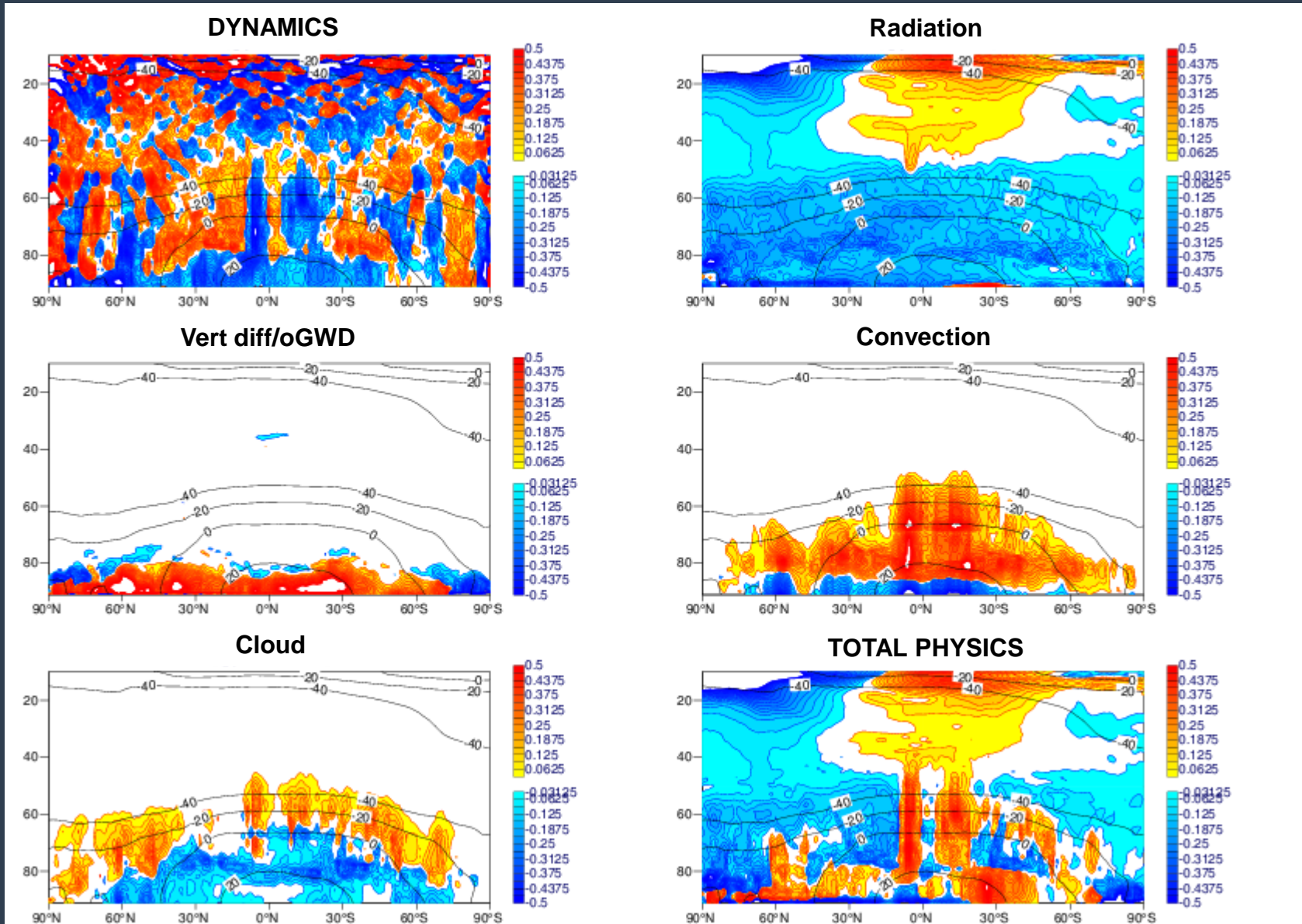
- entrainment rate
- shallow entrainment rate
- detrainment rate for penetrative convection
- conversion coefficient cloud to rain
- conv. momentum transport (meridional/zonal)
- adjustment time scale in CAPE closure



Large-scale precipitation & cloud (4)

- RH threshold for onset of stratiform cond.
- diffusion coeff. for evap. of turb. mixing
- critical cloud water content
- threshold for snow autoconversion

Diagnosing SPP impacts: model tendencies, T



T tendencies, accumulated 0-3h

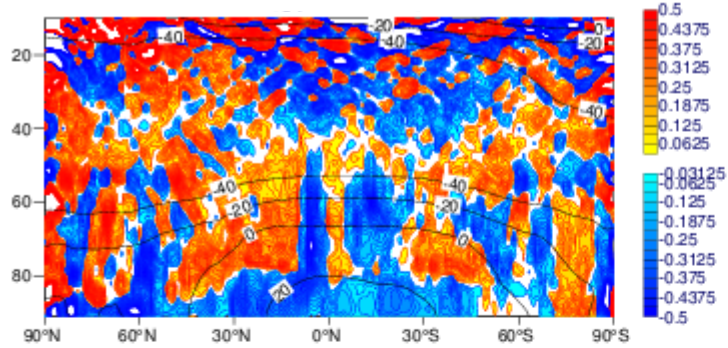
Zonally-averaged cross-sections
Model levels: 10-91 (>1 hPa)

Contours: $\pm[0.03 - 0.5]$ K/3h

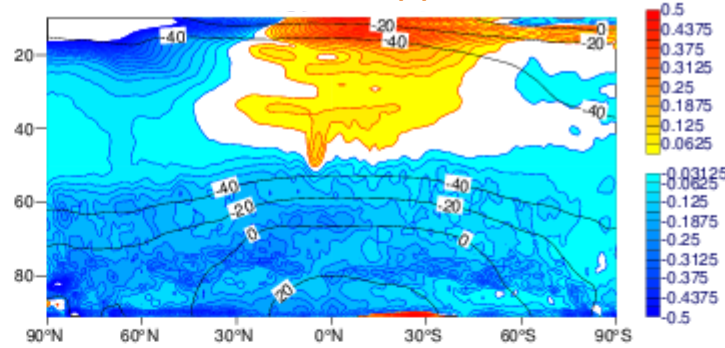
Control forecast
(unperturbed model)

Diagnosing SPP impacts: model tendencies, T

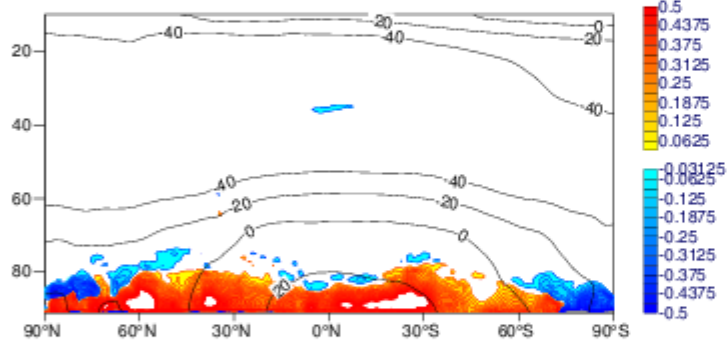
DYNAMICS



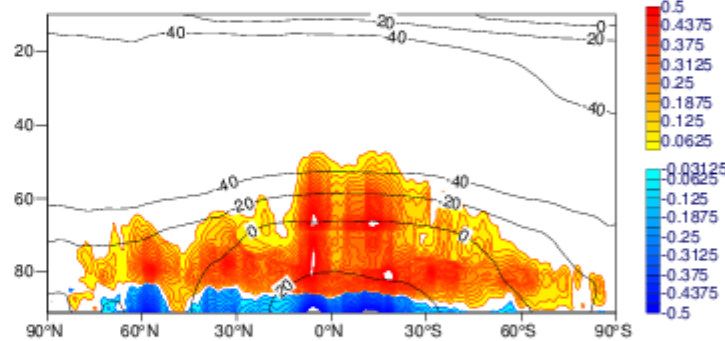
Radiation (5)



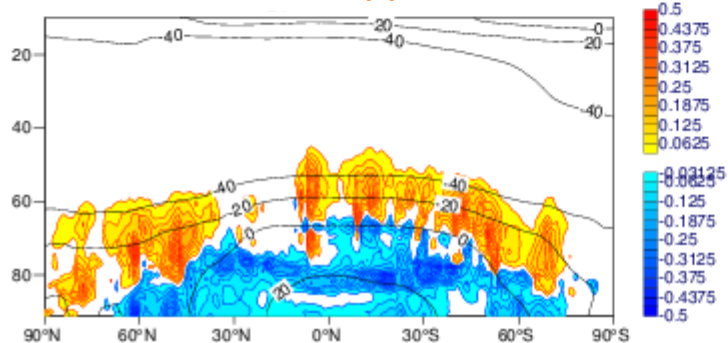
Vert diff/oGWD (4)



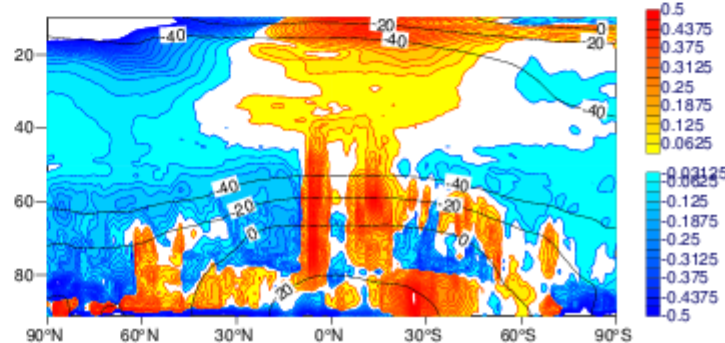
Convection (7)



Cloud (4)



TOTAL PHYSICS



T tendencies, accumulated 0-3h

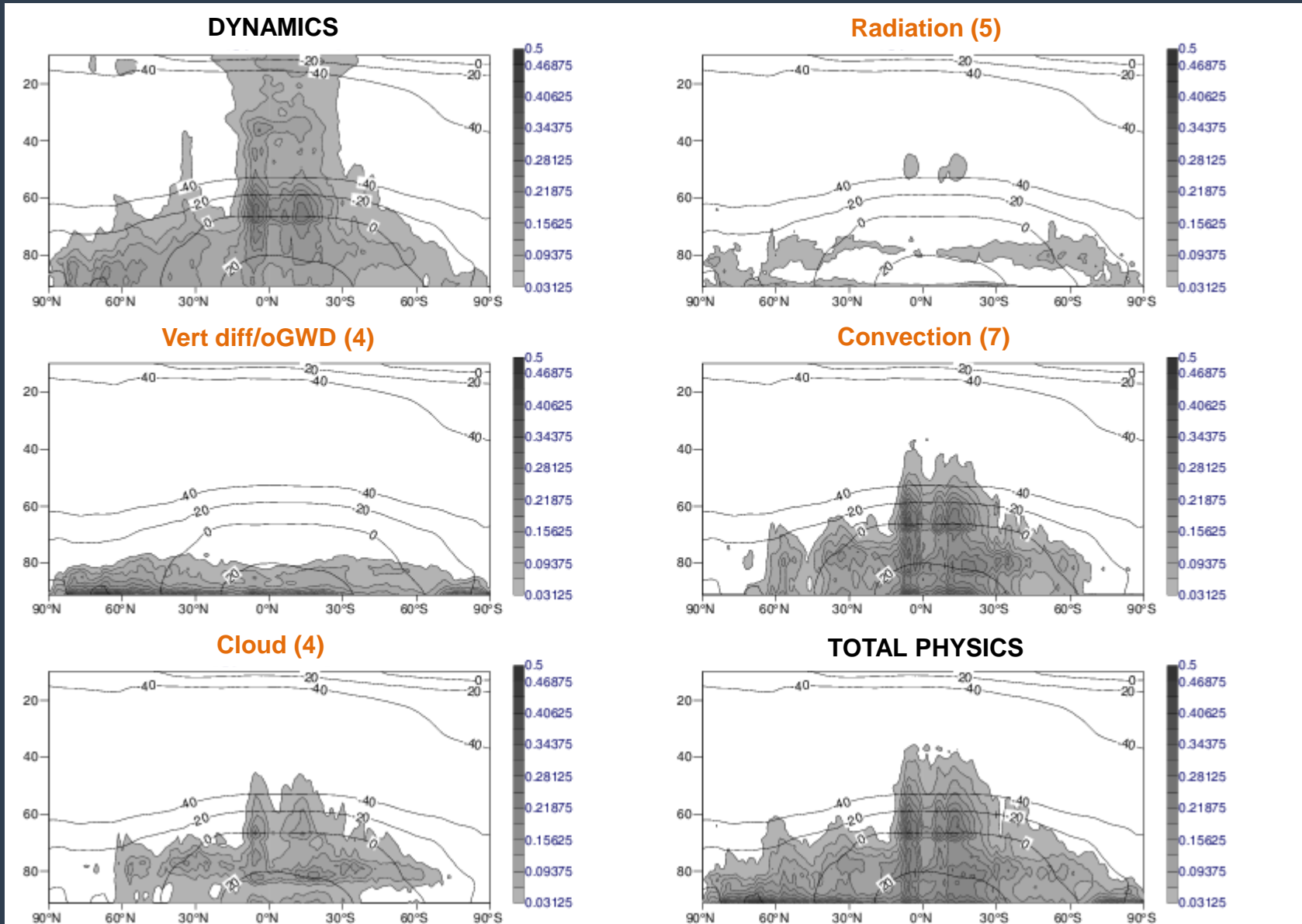
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SPP (20): default

Ensemble mean
(20 members)

Diagnosing SPP impacts: model tendencies, T



T tendencies, accumulated 0-3h

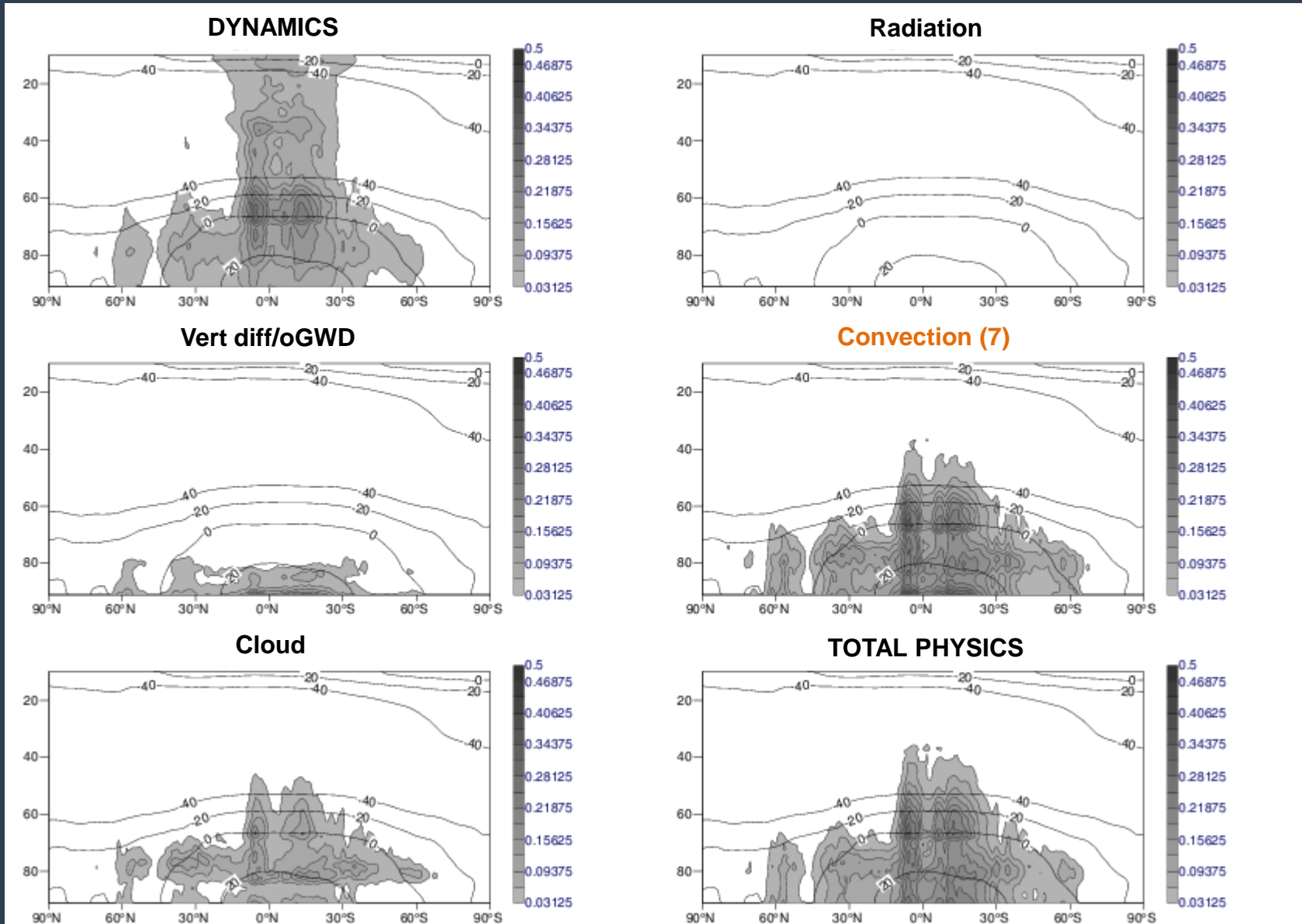
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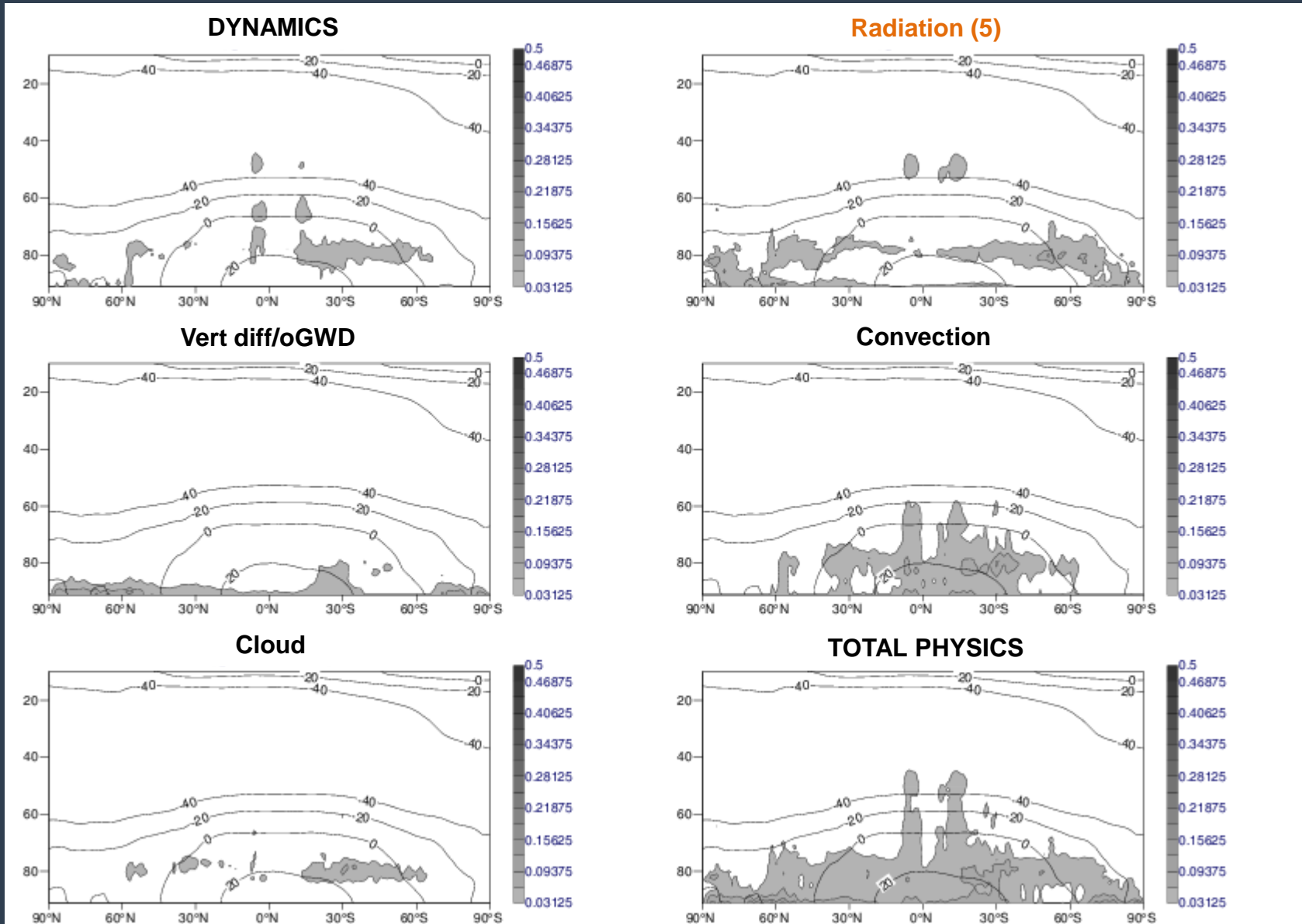
Contours: $[0.03 - 0.5]$ K/3h

SPP (7): Convection

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- shallow entrainment rate
- detrainment rate for penetrative convection
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- adjustment time scale in CAPE closure

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Diagnosing SPP impacts: model tendencies, T



T tendencies, accumulated 0-3h

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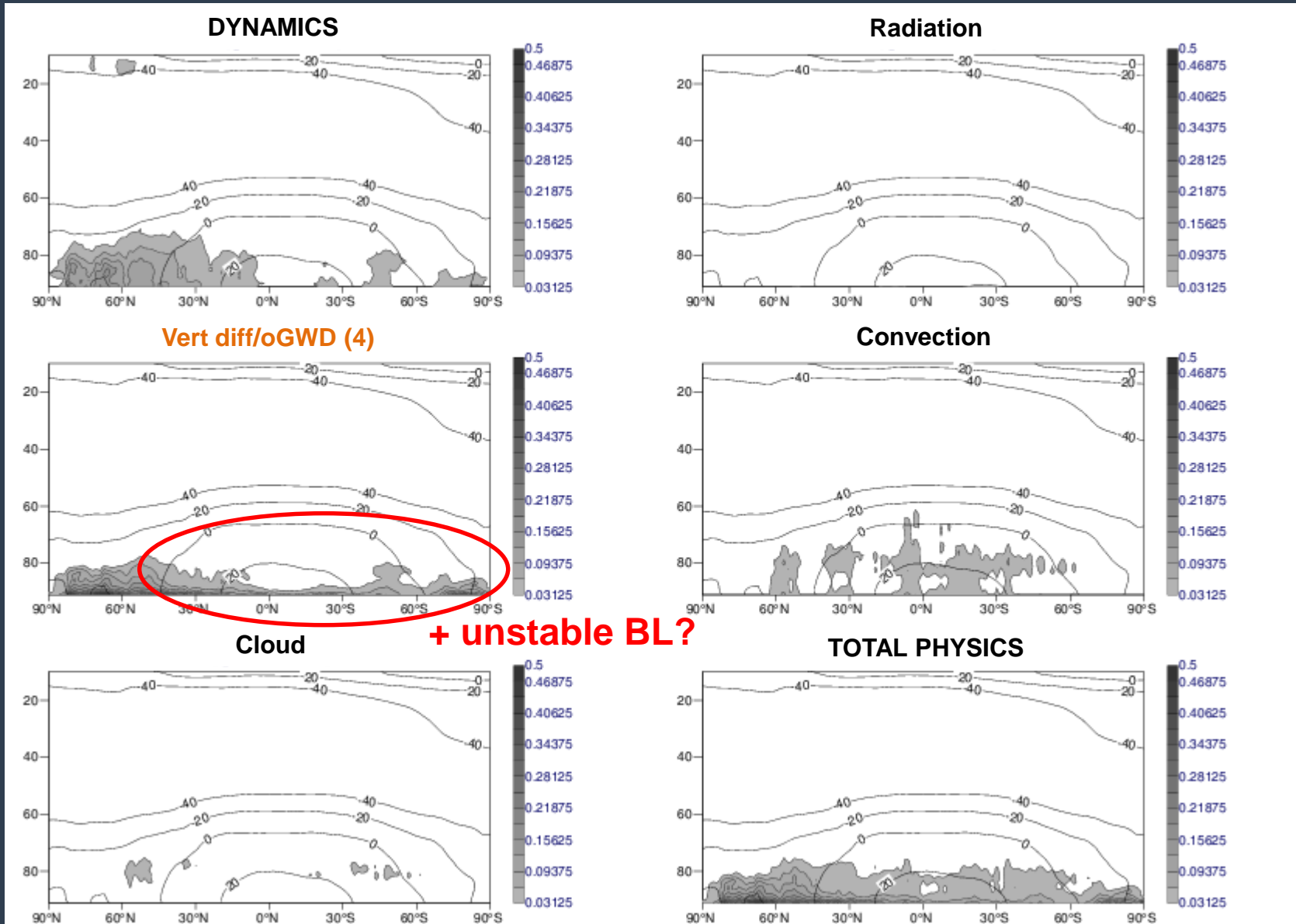
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SPP (5): radiation

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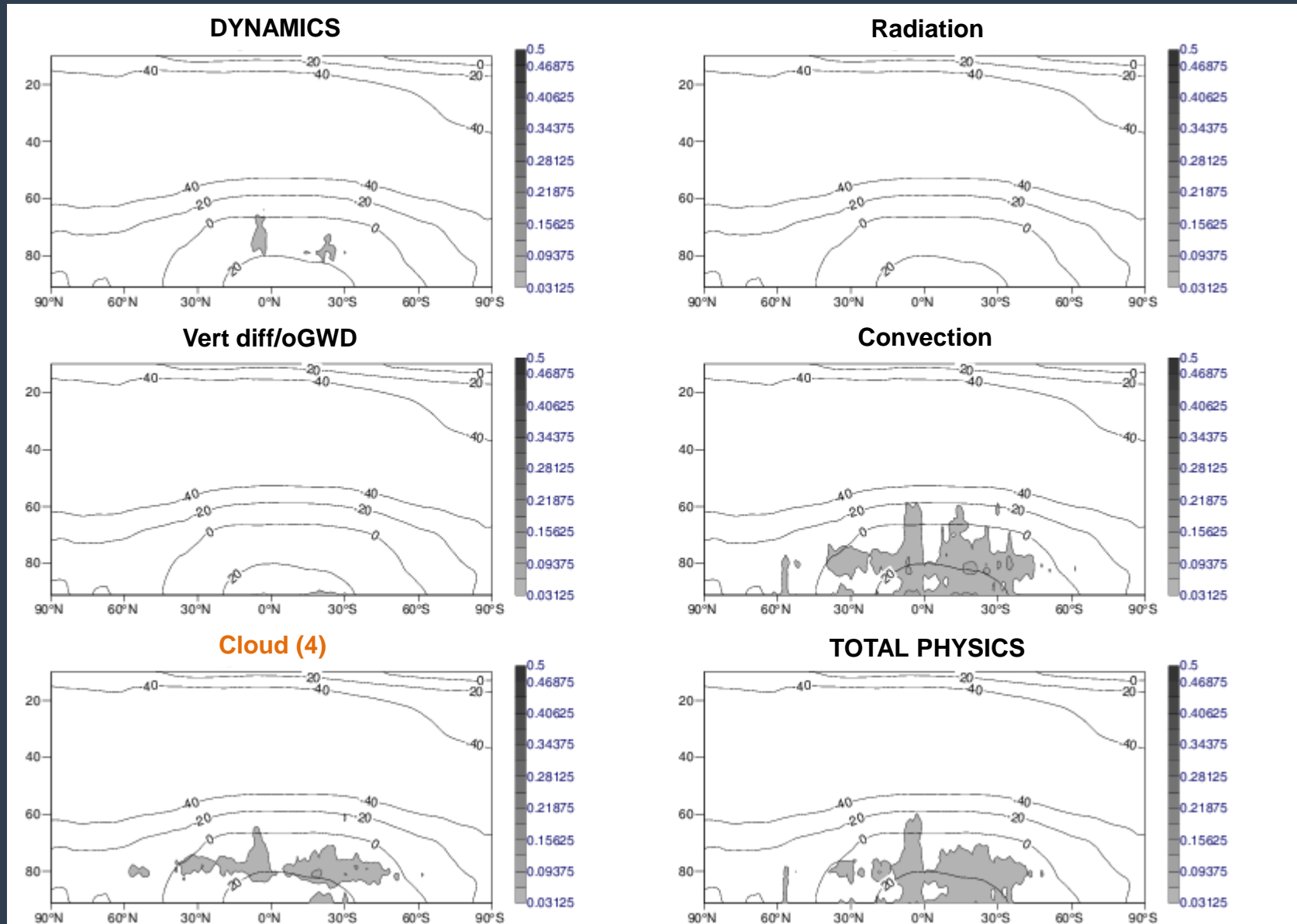
Contours: $[0.03 - 0.5]$ K/3h

SPP (4): BL schemes

- transfer coefficient for momentum
- coeff. in turb. orographic form drag scheme
- stdev of subgrid orography
- vertical mixing length scale (stable BL)

Ensemble standard deviation
(20 members)

Diagnosing SPP impacts: model tendencies, T



T tendencies, accumulated 0-3h

Zonally-averaged cross-sections
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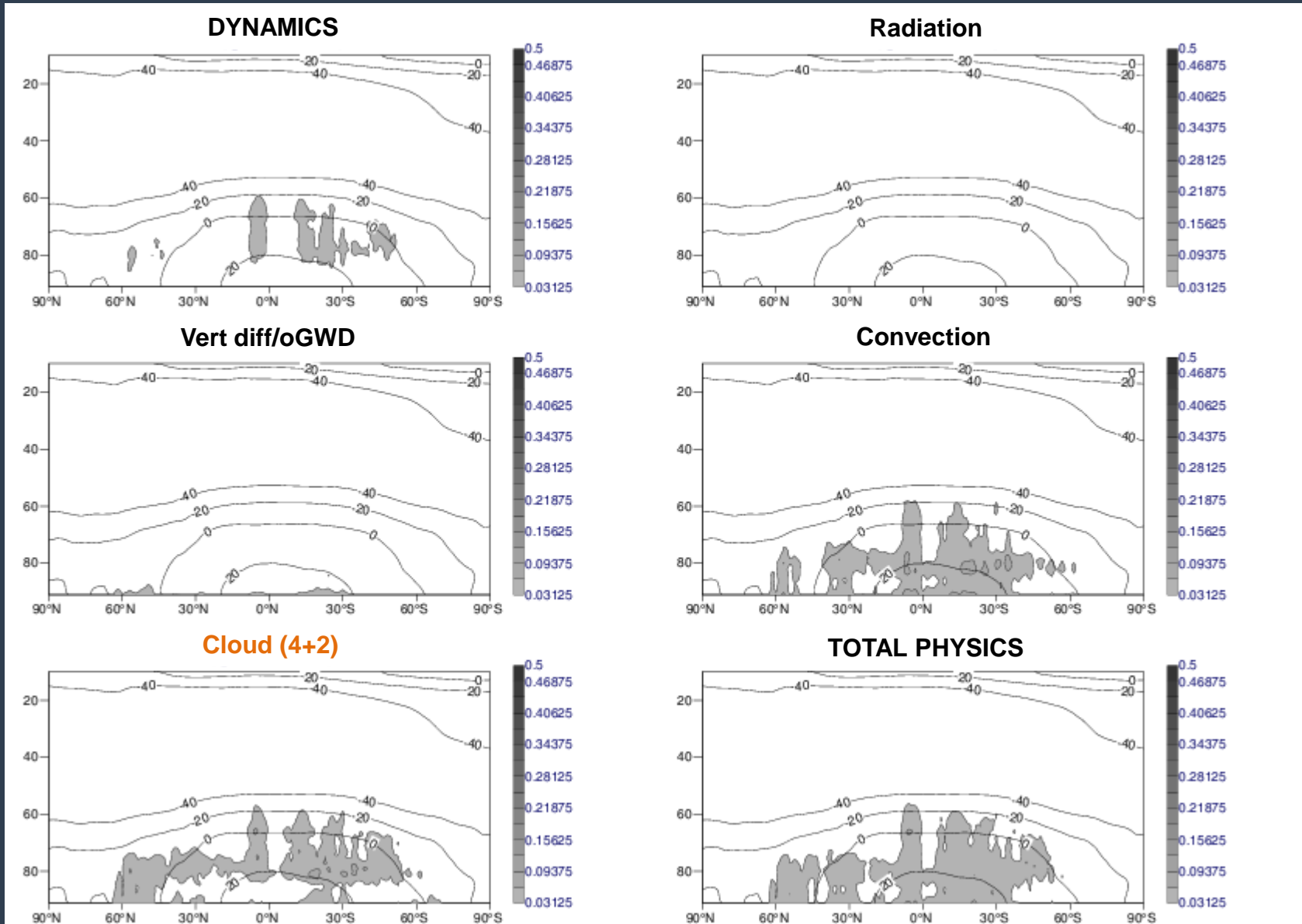
Contours: $[0.03 - 0.5]$ K/3h

SPP (4): LSP/Cloud

- RH threshold for onset of stratiform condensation
- diffusion coeff. for evap. of turbulent mixing
- critical cloud water content
- threshold for snow autoconversion

Ensemble standard deviation
(20 members)

Diagnosing SPP impacts: model tendencies, T



T tendencies, accumulated 0-3h

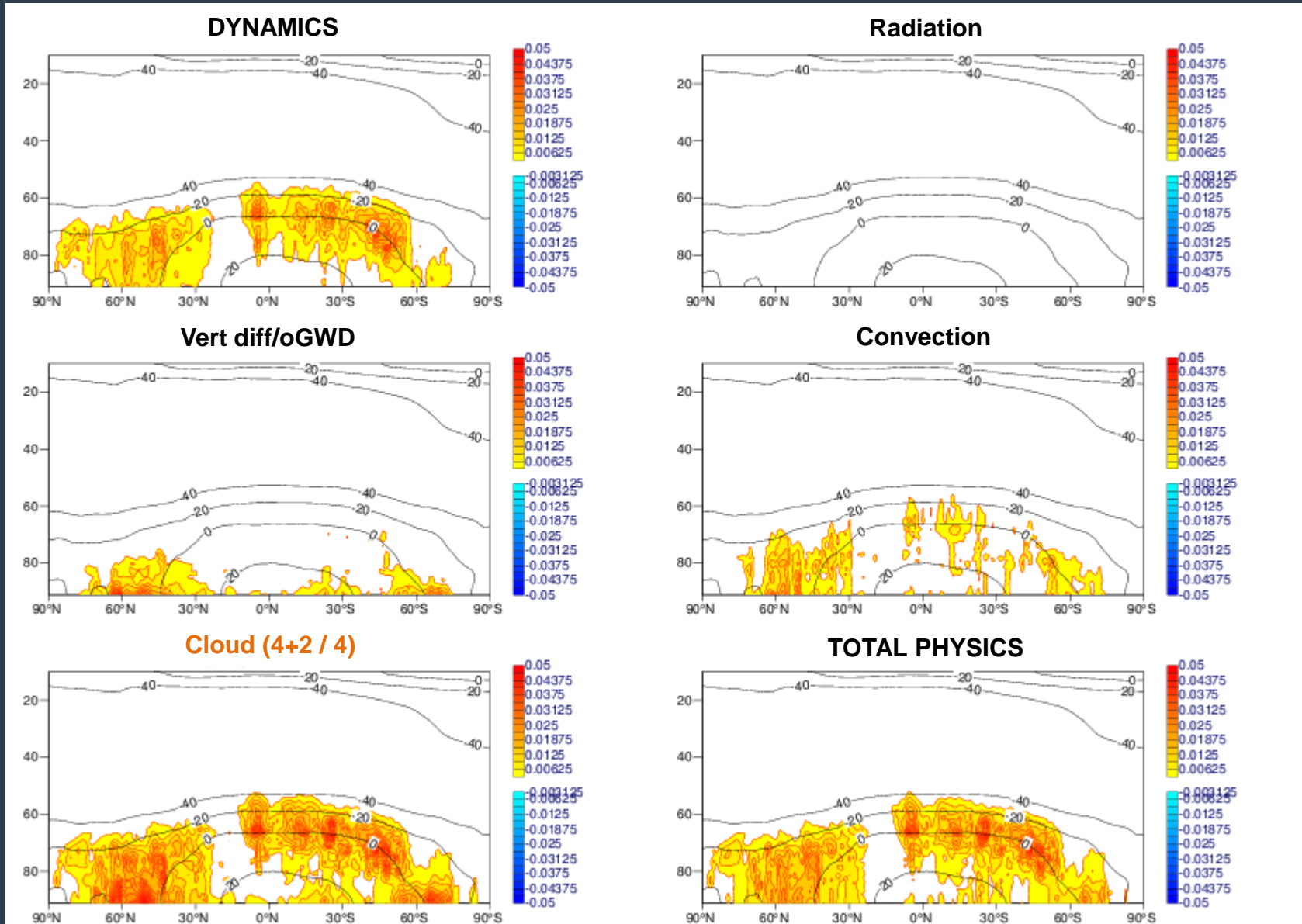
Zonally-averaged cross-sections
Model levels: 10-91 (>1 hPa)

Contours: $[0.03 - 0.5]$ K/3h

SPP (4+2): LSP/Cloud
+ rain evaporation rate
+ snow sublimation rate

Ensemble standard deviation
(20 members)

Diagnosing SPP impacts: model tendencies, T



T tendencies, accumulated 0-3h

Zonally-averaged cross-sections
Model levels: 10-91 (>1 hPa)

Contours: [0.003 – 0.05] K/3h

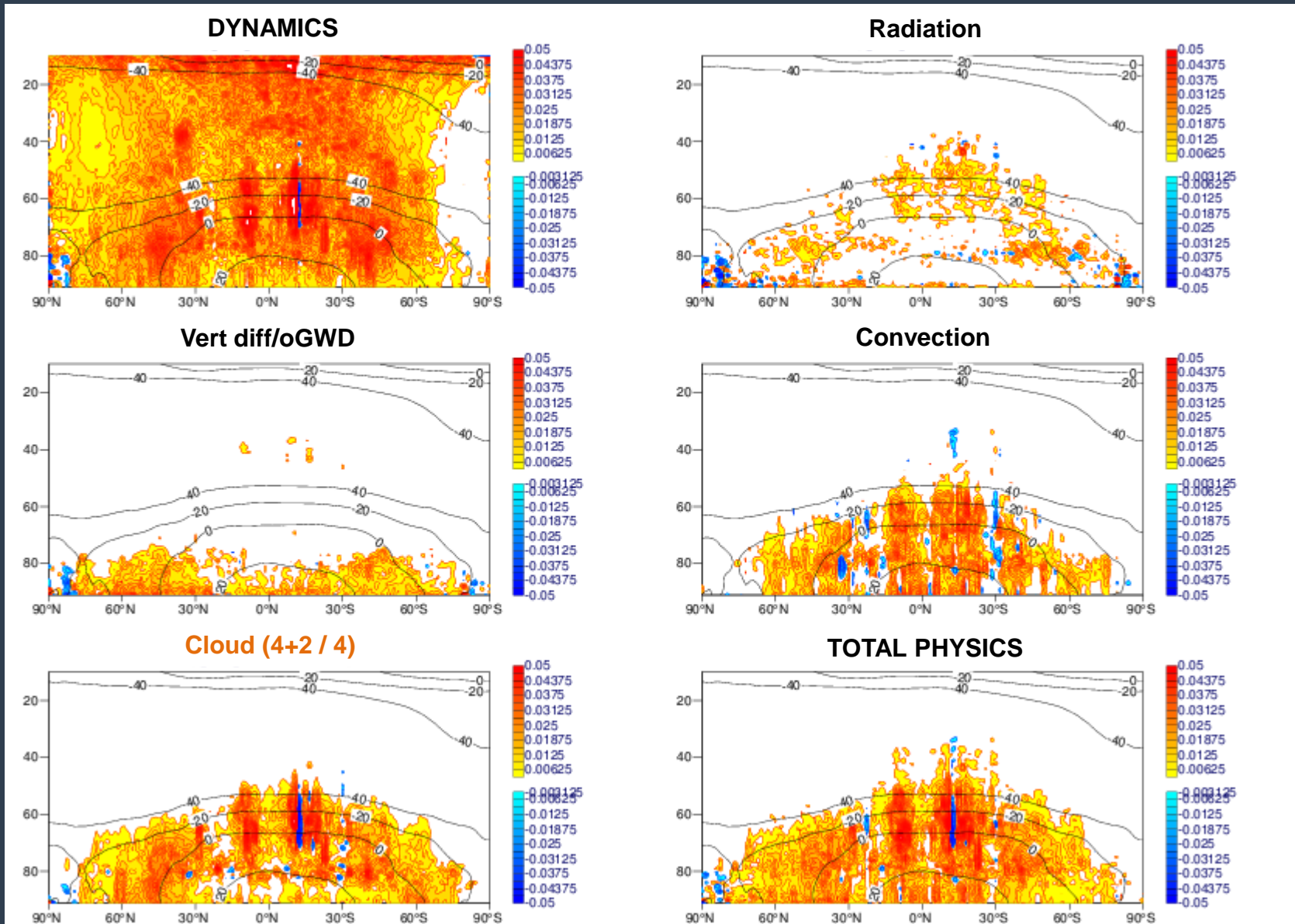
SPP (4+2): LSP/Cloud
+ rain evaporation rate
+ snow sublimation rate

minus

SPP (4): LSP/Cloud

Ensemble standard deviation
(20 members)

Diagnosing SPP impacts: model tendencies, T



T tendencies, accumulated 45-48h

Zonally-averaged cross-sections
Model levels: 10-91 (>1 hPa)

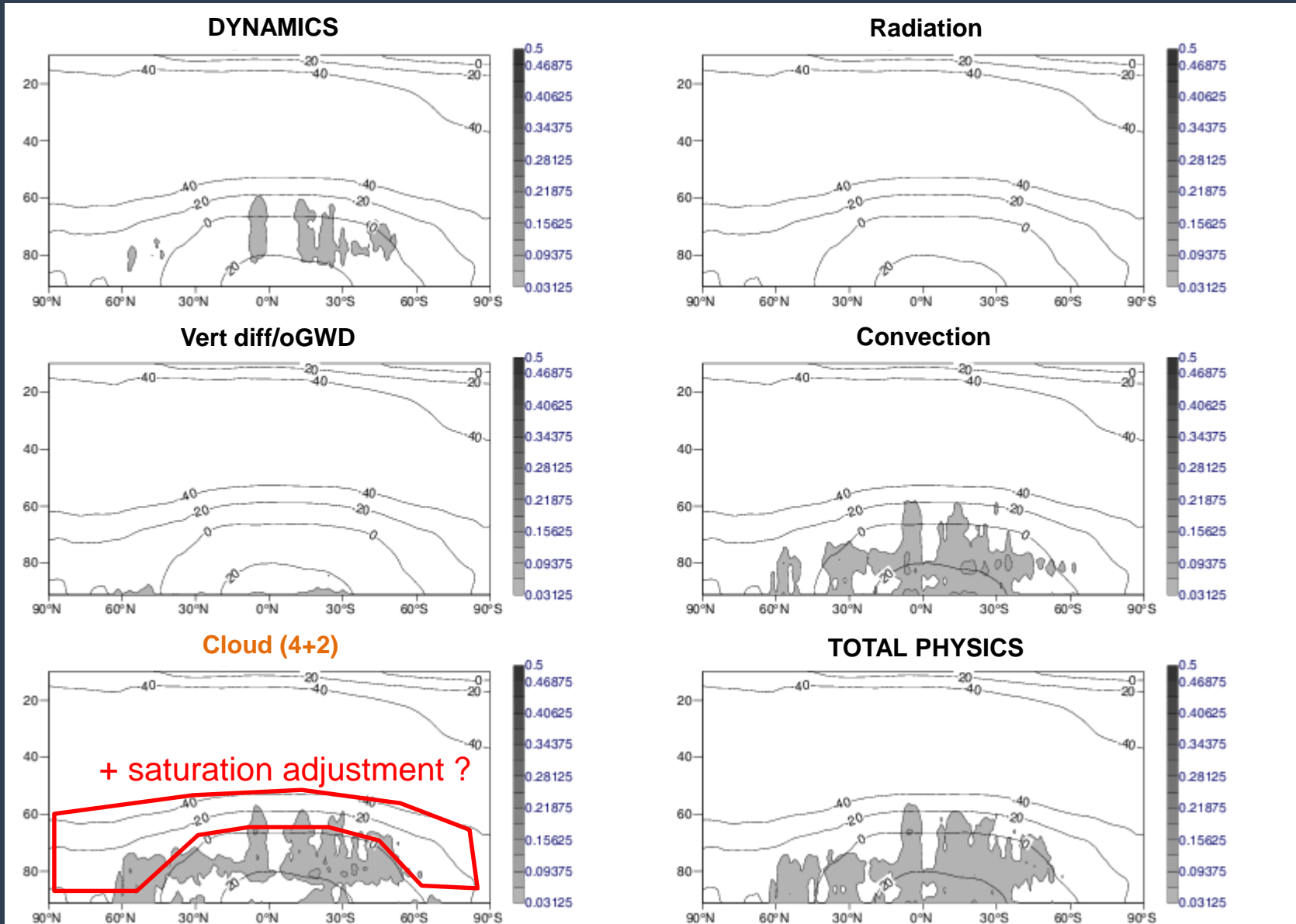
Contours: [0.003 – 0.05] K/3h

SPP (4+2): LSP/Cloud
+ rain evaporation rate
+ snow sublimation rate
minus

SPP (4): LSP/Cloud

Ensemble standard deviation
(20 members)

Diagnosing SPP impacts: model tendencies, T



T tendencies, accumulated 0-3h

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Model levels: 10-91 (>1 hPa)

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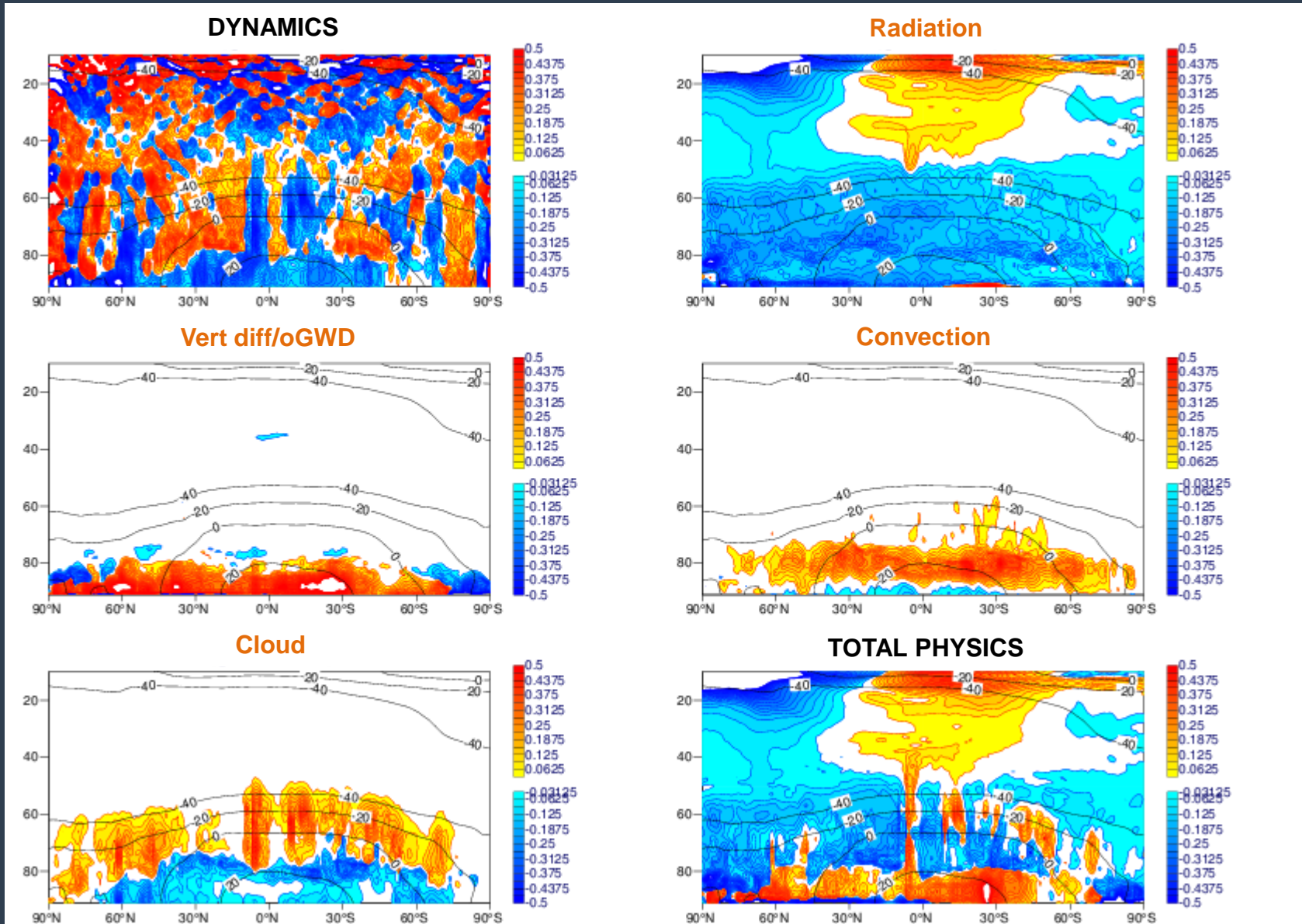
SPP (4+2): LSP/Cloud

- + rain evaporation rate
- + snow sublimation rate

... scope for further improvement

Ensemble standard deviation
(20 members)

Diagnosing SPP impacts: model tendencies, T



T tendencies, accumulated 0-3h

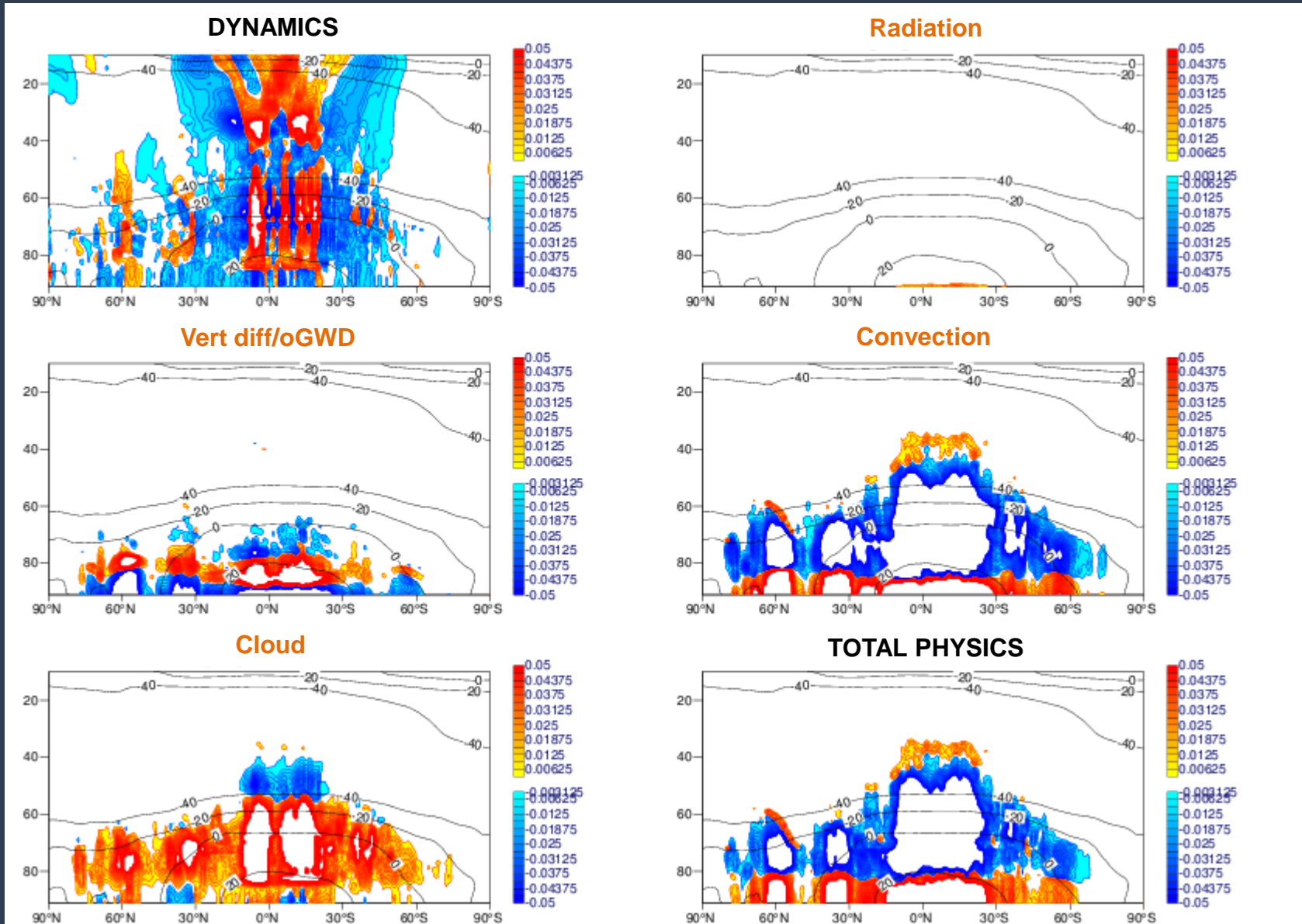
Zonally-averaged cross-sections
Model levels: 10-91 (>1 hPa)

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SPP, deep convection param OFF

Ensemble mean
(20 members)

Diagnosing SPP impacts: model tendencies, T



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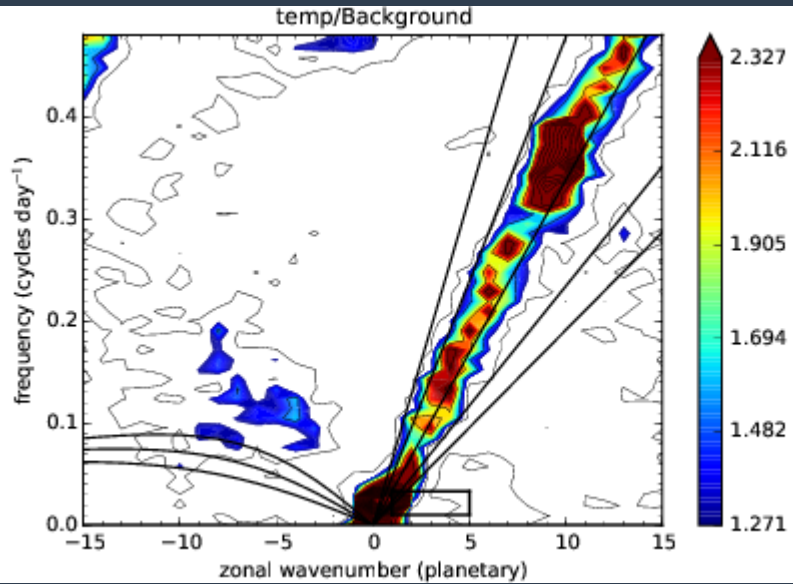
SPP, deep convection param OFF

minus

SPP

Ensemble mean
(20 members)

Diagnosing **SPP** impacts: Aquaplanet – temperature



Wheeler-Kiladis diagrams:

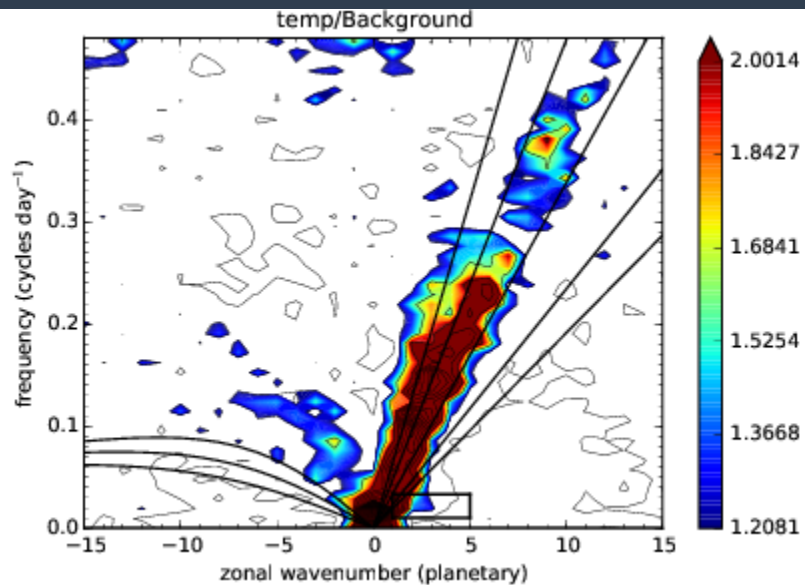
k - f spectrum of convectively coupled equatorial waves (CCEW) (symmetric component)

15N-15S

Unperturbed model

Experiments:

- no land
- constant SSTs
- full IFS physics
- 13-month integrations
- 4 start dates



SPP

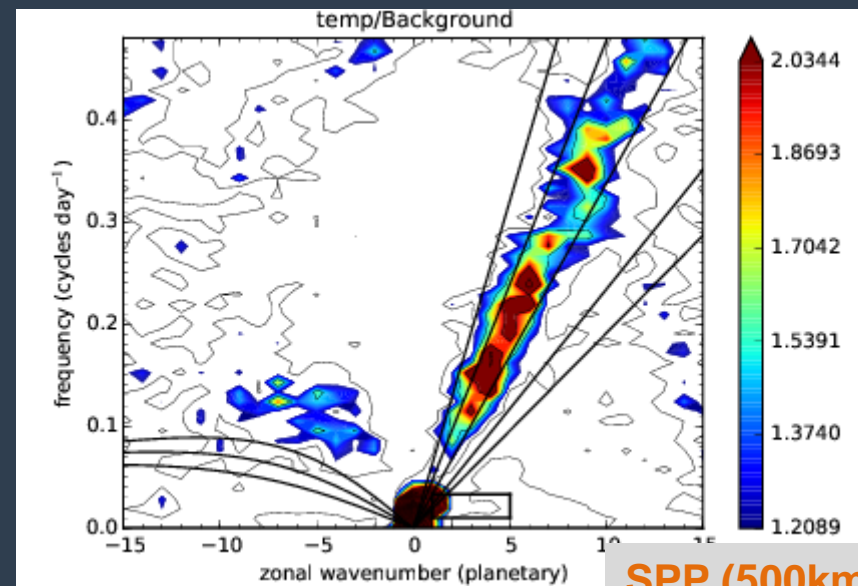
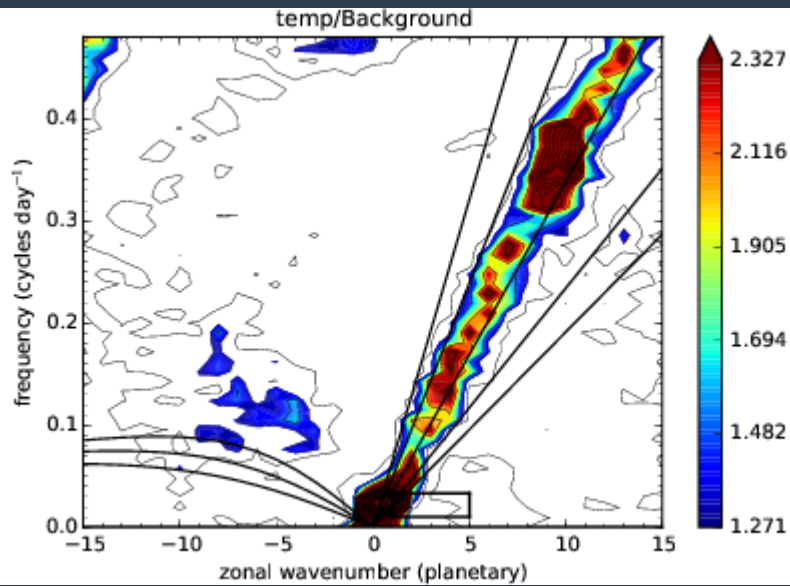
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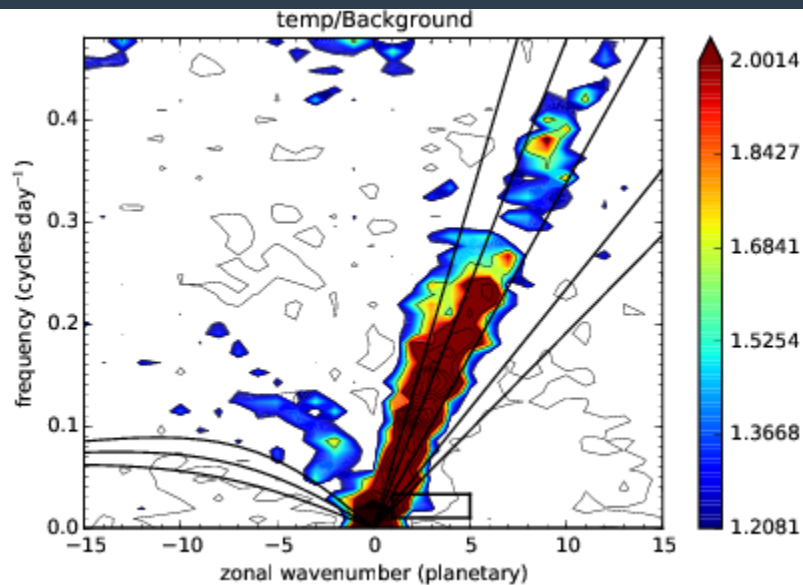
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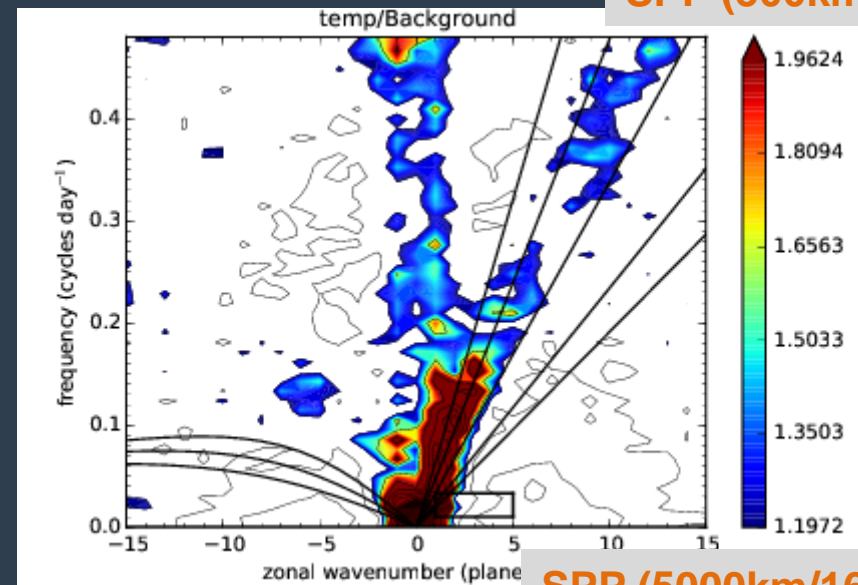
Unperturbed model



SPP (500km/6h)

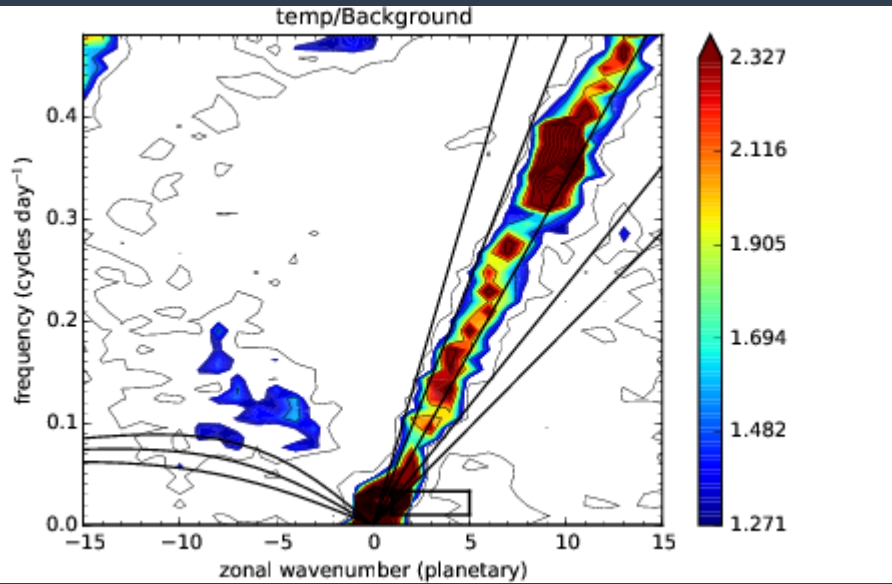


SPP (500km/72h)



SPP (5000km/168h)

Diagnosing SPP impacts: Aquaplanet – temperature

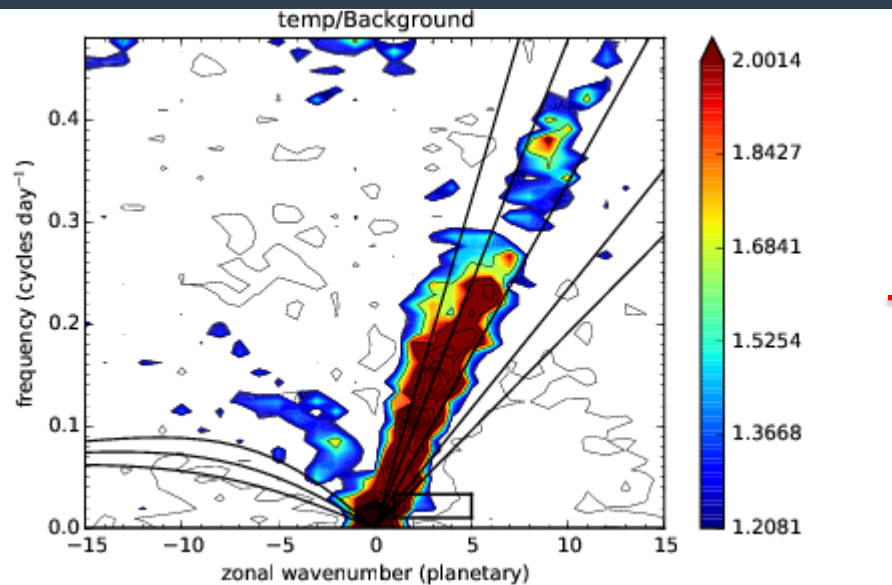


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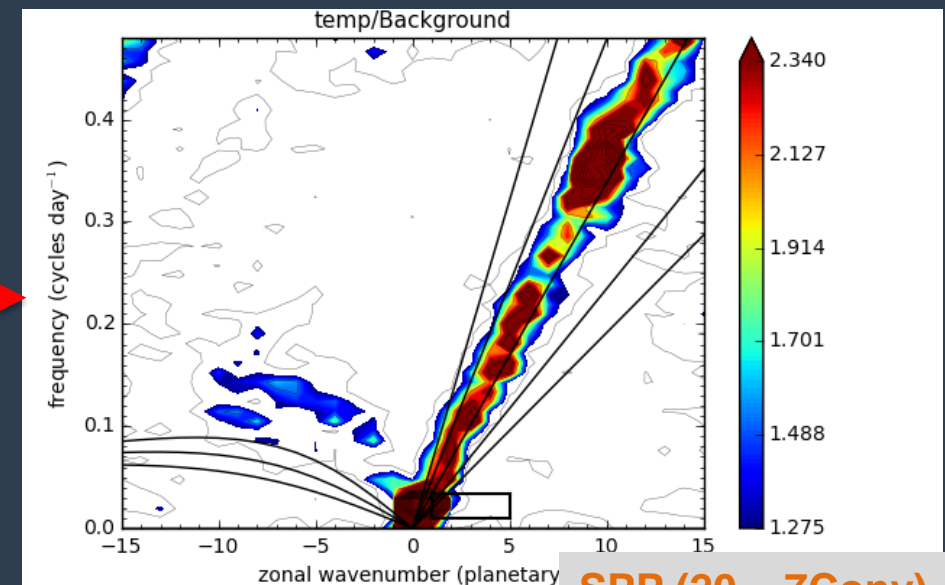
15N-15S

Unperturbed model



exclude Convection(7) perturbations

SPP (500km/72h)



SPP (20 – 7Conv)

...relevance for the greyzone...?

- **SPPT**: current stochastic model uncertainty representations very dependent on tendencies from the deep convection scheme
- **SPP**: greater control over attribution/representation of model uncertainty
 - Potential to focus on processes aside from deep convection
 - Assessing impacts on tendency budgets is useful diagnostic/development tool
 - Indicate increasing importance of cloud/BL parametrisations and dynamics tendencies
- **Aquaplanet** experiments:
 - Simplified environment for testing physics perturbations
 - Highlight impact of correlation scales in the random patterns
 - *Possible route to cost-effective explicit convection experiments – via small-planet?*

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... with relevance to the greyzone ...

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Thank you for your attention!